

Notice of Annual General Meeting
of
Hansard Global plc
(the “Company”)

THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION. If you are in any doubt about the contents of this document, you should consult a person authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, if you are within the United Kingdom, or a person licensed to carry on investment business in accordance with the Financial Services Act 2008, if you are within the Isle of Man and, in either case, who specialises in advising on the acquisition of shares and other securities.

If you have sold or otherwise transferred all of your shares, please send this document, together with the other accompanying documents, at once to the purchaser or transferee, or to the stockbroker, bank or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected, for transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

Hansard Global plc

(incorporated in the Isle of Man with company number 113389C)

Directors:

Mr P B Kay
Mr T Morfett
Mr D J G Peach
Mr M A L Polonsky
Mr J Ribeiro
Mr G Sheward
Dr C Theodorovics

Registered Office:

55 Athol Street
Box 192
Douglas
IM99 1QL

5 October 2023

Dear Shareholder,

Annual General Meeting – 8 November 2023 at 11.00 am

The Directors of Hansard Global plc (the “**Company**”) wish to take the opportunity at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the “**Annual General Meeting**”), notice of which appears in the document accompanying this letter, to propose the items of business summarised below. I set out below reasons why these proposals will be put to Shareholders.

If you would like to vote on the resolutions, but you are unable to attend the Annual General Meeting, please vote by proxy as per the instructions in this notice, by no later than 11.00am on 6 November 2023.

1. Re-election of Directors

In accordance with the Articles of Association the Directors will each retire and seek election or re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Each of the Directors has undergone a performance evaluation and has demonstrated that they remain committed to the role, have the necessary skills and experience, and continue to be an effective and valuable member of the Board. Details of the Board’s assessment on the independence of each Director can be found on pages 41 to 43 of the Annual Report. None of the independent Directors seeking election or re-election have any existing or previous relationship with the Company, or its Board, nor any controlling shareholder of the Company or any associate of a controlling shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Listing Rule 13.8.17R(2).

Under the Listing Rules, independent Directors are required to be elected or re-elected by a majority of votes cast by independent shareholders as well as by a majority of votes cast by all shareholders. Therefore, the votes cast by independent shareholders and all shareholders will be calculated separately and the relevant resolution will only be passed if a majority of votes cast by independent shareholders are in favour, in addition to a majority of votes cast by all shareholders being in favour. In the event that this formulation results in a resolution not being passed, another vote will be organised after 90 days. The resolutions impacted by the dual voting structure at the meeting are Resolutions 7, 8 and 9.

2. Dividend

The Board proposes a final dividend of 2.65 pence per share making the total dividend for the year 4.45 pence per share, including the payment of an interim dividend of 1.80 pence per share in April 2023. The total dividend for the year is in line with the prior year.

3. Auditor

The Board had selected KPMG Audit LLC (“KPMG”) to act as auditor to the Company. Accordingly, resolutions to continue the appointment of KPMG as auditor to the Company, and to authorise the Directors to determine its remuneration, are being proposed.

4. Resolution to adopt new articles of association

This year we have taken the opportunity to review the company’s articles of association (**Current Articles**). A number of amendments are proposed to the Current Articles in order to modernise the Company’s constitution, provide greater flexibility to communicate with shareholders electronically, and clarify ambiguities. An explanatory summary of the proposed amendments to the Current Articles is set out in Appendix 1, and a redline showing all of the proposed amendments is available on the Company’s website www.hansard.com.

Availability of Documents

Copies of the Company’s Articles of Association and copies of the Letters of Appointment for the non-executive Directors will be available for inspection at the Company’s registered office and at the offices of Panmure Gordon (UK) Limited, 3rd Floor, One New Change, London, EC4M 9AF during usual business hours on weekdays (public holidays excluded) until the conclusion of the Company’s Annual General Meeting to be held on 8 November 2023. Alternatively, a copy may be obtained by contacting the Company Secretary at the above address or by telephoning (00 44) 1624 688000.

Relationship Agreement

As required by the Listing Rules the Company confirms that it has in place an agreement with Dr Polonsky CBE, as a controlling shareholder. Further details can be found on page 51 of the Annual Report. The agreement is available for inspection in the same way as the Company’s Articles of Association and Letters of Appointment.

Relationship Agreement

As required by the Listing Rules the Company confirms that it has in place an agreement with Dr Polonsky CBE, as a controlling shareholder. Further details can be found on page 51 of the Annual Report. The agreement is available for inspection in the same way as the Company’s Articles of Association and Letters of Appointment.

Proxy voting

In order to reduce the Company’s environmental impact you will not receive a hard copy form of proxy for the 2023 Annual General Meeting (AGM) in the post. Instead, you will be able to vote electronically using the link www.signalshares.com. You will need to log into your Signal Shares account, or register if you have not previously done so. To register you will need your Investor Code; this is detailed on your share certificate or available from the Company’s Registrar, Link Group (contact details below).

Voting by proxy prior to the AGM does not affect your right to attend the AGM and vote in person should you so wish. Proxy votes must be received no later than 11am on Monday 6 November 2023.


You may request a hard copy form of proxy directly from the Company’s Registrar, Link Group (Isle of Man), via email to shareholderenquiries@linkgroup.co.uk or by calling on Tel: 0371 664 0300. Calls are charged at the standard geographic rate and will vary by provider. Calls outside the United Kingdom will be charged at the applicable international rate. They are open between 09:00 and 17:30, Monday to Friday excluding public holidays in England and Wales.

Alternatively, you may wish to appoint a proxy using CREST, Proxymity or LinkVote+, as detailed in the Notice of Annual General Meeting.

Recommendation

Your vote matters to us and we would strongly encourage you to vote in advance of the AGM. The Directors consider that all the resolutions to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting are in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole. The Directors will be voting in favour of the said resolutions, and they unanimously recommend that you do so as well.

Yours faithfully,



Philip Kay
Chairman

Notice of Annual General Meeting

of

Hansard Global plc

(the "Company")

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Wednesday 8 November 2023 in the Board Room, No.55 Athol Street, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM99 1QL at 11am for the transaction of the following business:

Ordinary Business

- Ordinary Resolution No 1 THAT the Company's financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023, together with the Directors' report and auditor's report on those financial statements, be and are hereby received and adopted.
- Ordinary Resolution No 2 THAT the Remuneration Report of the Board of Directors for the year ended 30 June 2023 be and is hereby approved.
- Ordinary Resolution No 3 THAT a final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2023 of 2.65 pence per ordinary share in the capital of the Company be and is hereby declared payable on 16 November 2023 to Shareholders on the Company's Register of Members at the close of business on 6 October 2023.
- Ordinary Resolution No 4 THAT Mr P B Kay be and is hereby re-elected as a Director of the Company.
- Ordinary Resolution No 5 THAT Mr G Sheward be and is hereby re-elected as a Director of the Company.
- Ordinary Resolution No 6 THAT Mr T Morfett be and is hereby elected as a Director of the Company.
- Ordinary Resolution No 7 THAT Mr D J G Peach be and is hereby re-elected as a Director of the Company.
- Ordinary Resolution No 8 THAT Mr J Ribeiro be and is hereby re-elected as a Director of the Company
- Ordinary Resolution No 9 THAT Dr C Theodorovics be and is hereby elected as a Director of the Company.
- Ordinary Resolution No 10 THAT Mr M A L Polonsky be and is hereby re-elected as a Director of the Company
- Ordinary Resolution No 11 THAT KPMG be and is hereby appointed as auditor of the Company to hold office from the conclusion of the meeting until the conclusion of the next general meeting at which accounts are laid before the Company.
- Ordinary Resolution No 12 THAT the Directors be and are hereby authorised to determine the auditor's remuneration.

Special Business

- Ordinary Resolution No 13 THAT the form of articles of association tabled at the meeting be and are adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the Company's current articles of association from the close of the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board



H Stewart

Company Secretary
Dated: 5 October 2023



Notes:

1. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company. A member entitled to attend and vote at the above-mentioned meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote in their stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
2. Shareholders, or their proxies, intending to attend the AGM in person are requested, if possible, to arrive at the AGM venue at least 20 minutes prior to the commencement of the AGM at 11am (UK time) on 8 November 2023 so that their shareholding may be checked against the Company's Register of Members and attendances recorded.
3. Shareholders are entitled to appoint another person as a proxy to exercise all or part of their rights to attend and to speak and vote on their behalf at the AGM. A shareholder may appoint more than one proxy in relation to the AGM provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different ordinary share or ordinary shares held by that shareholder. A proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company.
4. In the case of joint registered holders, the signature of one holder will be accepted and the vote of the senior holder who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, will be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. For this purpose, seniority will be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Company's Register of Members in respect of the relevant joint holding.

The total number of issued ordinary shares in the Company on 30 August 2023, which is the latest practicable date before the publication of this document, is 137,557,079. On a vote by show of hands every member who is present has one vote and every proxy present who has been duly appointed by a member entitled to vote has one vote. On a poll vote every member who is present in person or by proxy has one vote for every ordinary share of which he is the holder.

Entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, and the number of votes which may be cast at the AGM, will be determined by reference to the Company's Register of Members at close of business on 6 November 2023 or, if the AGM is adjourned, at close of business two days prior to the adjourned AGM (as the case may be). In each case, changes to the Register of Members after such time will be disregarded.

5. You can vote either:
 - i) by logging on to www.signalshares.com and following the instructions.
 - ii) Link Group, the company's registrar, has launched a shareholder app: LinkVote+. It's free to download and use and gives shareholders the ability to access their shareholding record at any time and allows users to submit a proxy appointment quickly and easily online rather than through the post. The app is available to download on both the Apple App Store and Google Play, or by scanning the relevant QR code below;

Apple App Store	GooglePlay
	

Notes (cont.):

iii) You may request a hard copy form of proxy directly from the registrars, Link Group (Isle of Man) by emailing shareholderenquiries@linkgroup.co.uk or by calling Tel: 0371 664 0300. Calls are charged at the standard geographic rate and will vary by provider. Calls outside the United Kingdom will be charged at the applicable international rate. Link Group are open between 09:00 - 17:30, Monday to Friday excluding public holidays in England and Wales. In order for a proxy appointment to be valid a form of proxy must be completed. In each case the form of proxy must be received by Link Group (Isle of Man), PXS 1, Link Group, Central Square, 29 Wellington Street, Leeds, LS1 4DL by 11am on 6 November 2023.

iv) in the case of CREST members, by utilising the CREST electronic proxy appointment service in accordance with the procedures set out below.

In order for a proxy appointment to be valid a form of proxy must be completed. In each case the form of proxy must be received by Link Group (Isle of Man), PXS 1, Link Group, Central Square, 29 Wellington Street, Leeds, LS1 4DL by 11am on 6 November 2023.

v) If you are an institutional investor you may also be able to appoint a proxy electronically via the Proxymity platform, a process which has been agreed by the Company and approved by the Registrar. For further information regarding Proxymity, please go to www.proxymity.io. Your proxy must be lodged by 11am on 6 November 2023 in order to be considered valid or, if the meeting is adjourned, by the time which is 48 hours before the time of the adjourned meeting. Before you can appoint a proxy via this process you will need to have agreed to Proxymity's associated terms and conditions. It is important that you read these carefully as you will be bound by them and they will govern the electronic appointment of your proxy. An electronic proxy appointment via the Proxymity platform may be revoked completely by sending an authenticated message via the platform instructing the removal of your proxy vote.

6. CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies through the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so for the AGM (and any adjournment of the AGM) by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual (available from www.euroclear.com). CREST Personal Members or other CREST sponsored members, and those CREST members who have appointed a service provider(s), should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf.

In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made by means of CREST to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a 'CREST Proxy Instruction') must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear UK & International Limited's specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual. The message must be transmitted so as to be received by the issuer's agent (ID RA10) by 11am on 6 November 2023. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to mean the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST application host) from which the issuer's agent is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST. After this time, any change of instructions to proxies appointed through CREST should be communicated to the appointee through other means.

CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers should note that Euroclear UK & International Limited does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular message. Normal system timings and limitations will, therefore, apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or, if the CREST member is a CREST personal member, or sponsored member, or has appointed a voting service provider(s), to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s)) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time. In this connection, CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting system providers are referred, in particular, to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning

Notes *(cont.)*:

practical limitations of the CREST system and timings. The Company may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5)(a) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001.

7. Unless otherwise indicated on the Form of Proxy, CREST, Proxymity or any other electronic voting instruction, the proxy will vote as they think fit or, at their discretion, withhold from voting. copy may be obtained by contacting the Company Secretary at No.55 Athol Street, P.O. Box 192, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM99 1QL; by telephoning (00 44) 1624 688000.
8. Copies of the current Articles of Association of the Company will be available for inspection at the registered office of the Company and at the offices of Panmure Gordon (UK) Limited, 3rd Floor, One New Change, London, EC4M 9AF during usual business hours on weekdays (public holidays excluded) from the date of this Notice until the date of the Annual General Meeting and will also be available for inspection 15 minutes prior to, and during, the Annual General Meeting. Alternatively, a copy may be obtained by contacting the Company Secretary at No.55 Athol Street, Box 192, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM99 1QL; by telephoning (00 44) 1624 688000.

Appendix 1

The main purpose of the proposed amendments to the Current Articles is to modernise the Company's constitution as follows:

- **Remote participation in general meetings:** new provisions are included to allow the Company to hold general meetings virtually by electronic means, or as "hybrid meetings" with both physical and electronic attendance permitted, and to allow the Company to hold "satellite meetings" for shareholders to attend in person at an additional meeting place (Articles 57 and 60.2).
- **General meetings:** minor amendments to some of the provisions for convening and adjourning general meetings are included for the purposes of clarification only (Articles 51 and 56).
- **Electronic proxies:** the Directors may accept electronic proxy forms (Articles 72 and 73).
- **Method of paying dividends:** the Company's powers to pay dividends electronically are clarified (Article 139).
- **Use of electronic communications:** the Directors are given greater flexibility to communicate with shareholders electronically:

In addition to giving notices or documents to shareholders personally, by post or by electronic communication (where a shareholder has given an address for that purpose), the proposed amendments clarify that the Company may give notice through the CREST system or by publication on the Company's website (and notifying shareholders of such) or by any other means authorised by a shareholder in writing (Article 153).

Provisions addressing any suspension of postal services are modernised, to require email communication where possible as well as newspaper advertisements to enable the Company to convene general meetings in the event of suspension, interruption or curtailment of postal services (Article 158).

At the same time, the Board is taking the opportunity to clarify or remove ambiguities as follows:

- **Updates to statutory references:** where there have been changes to law since the adoption of the Current Articles, the proposed amendments contain updated statutory references. For example, certain terms under the Current Articles are defined by reference to the Companies Act 1985 of the United Kingdom, which has now been repealed. In some instances, stand-alone definitions have been introduced so that terms are no longer defined by reference to repealed legislation.
- **Removal of unused terms:** defined terms which are not used and therefore superfluous have been removed.
- **Addition of terms not previously defined:** the Current Articles use some terms which are not defined in either the Current Articles or Isle of Man law. Definitions have now been introduced where appropriate, for example the term "subsidiary undertaking" is now expressly defined by reference to the Companies Act 2006 of the United Kingdom.
- **Definition of employee share schemes:** the Current Articles include provisions addressing employee share schemes; however, this term is not defined which creates difficulties for interpretation.

The following definition of "employees' share scheme" is now introduced: "a scheme for encouraging or facilitating the holding of shares in, or debentures of, the Company by or for the benefit of: (a) the employees or former employees of the Company or any Group Company; or (b) the spouses, civil partners, surviving spouses, surviving civil partners, or minor children or step-children of such employees or former employees".

The introduction of this definition will not affect the operation of existing share schemes established by the Company for its employees and their families.

- **Removal of events which have taken place:** some references to events that have now taken place and are therefore superfluous have been removed.
- **Clarifying the directors' authority to allot:** provisions concerning the directors' powers to allot shares and options are corrected, to clarify that shares or options granted under employee share schemes are not subject to pre-emption rights and are not granted in return for cash (Article 5). These proposed amendments do not alter the requirement for the Company to seek shareholder approval at each annual general meeting to allot shares or options up to a specified amount and to waive pre-emption rights which would otherwise apply on such allotments.

Hansard Global plc

55 Athol Street, Box 192, Douglas, Isle of Man IM99 1QL, British Isles

Telephone: +44 1624 688000 Website: hansard.com

Registered Office: as above. Registered Number: 113389C

Approved/Adopted: ~~12 November 2015~~ [8 November 2023]

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1931 TO 2004

ISLE OF MAN

A PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

HANSARD GLOBAL plc

Contents

1. Table A not to apply	10106
2. Interpretation	10106
3. Registered office	141410
B. Share capital	151510
4. Authorised share capital.....	151510
5. Directors' power to allot.....	151510
6. Pre-emption	161611
7. Power to attach rights and issue redeemable shares	171712
8. Share warrants.....	171713
9. Commission and brokerage	171713
10. Trusts not to be recognised.....	171713
11. Renunciation of shares.....	181813
12. Increase, consolidation, cancellation and sub division.....	181813
13. Fractions.....	181814
14. Reduction of capital.....	191914
15. Purchase of own shares.....	191915
C. Variation of class rights.....	191915
16. Sanction to variation.....	191915
17. Class meetings.....	202015
18. Deemed variation	202016
D. Share certificates.....	202016
19. Right to certificates	202016
20. Replacement certificates	212116
21. Uncertificated shares.....	212117
E. Lien on shares	232318
22. Lien on shares not fully paid	232318
23. Enforcement of lien by sale	232319
24. Application of proceeds of sale	242419
F. Calls on shares.....	242419
25. Calls.....	242419
26. Interest on calls	242420
27. Rights of member when call unpaid	252520
28. Sums due on allotment treated as calls.....	252520
29. Power to differentiate	252520
30. Payment in advance of calls.....	252520
G. Forfeiture of shares.....	252521
31. Notice if call not paid	252521
32. Forfeiture for non-compliance.....	252521
33. Notice after forfeiture.....	262621
34. Forfeiture may be annulled.....	262621
35. Surrender	262621
36. Disposal of forfeited shares.....	262622
37. Effect of forfeiture.....	262622
38. Extinction of claims.....	272722
39. Evidence of forfeiture.....	272722
H. Transfer of shares.....	272723
40. Form of transfer.....	272723

41.	Right to refuse registration	272723
42.	Notice of refusal	282823
43.	Closing of register.....	282824
44.	No fees on registration.....	282824
45.	Recognition of renunciation of allotment of shares.....	282824
I.	Transmission of shares	282824
46.	On death.....	282824
47.	Election of person entitled by transmission.....	292924
48.	Rights on transmission.....	292924
J.	General meetings	292925
49.	Annual general meetings	292925
50.	Extraordinary general meetings.....	292925
51.	Convening of extraordinary general meeting.....	292925
52.	Notice of general meetings	303025
53.	Omission to send notice.....	303026
54.	Special business	303026
K.	Proceedings at general meetings	313126
55.	Quorum	313126
56.	If quorum not present	313126
57.	Security and meeting place arrangements.....	323228
58.	Chairman.....	333329
59.	Director may attend and speak.....	343430
60.	Power to adjourn.....	343430
61.	Notice of adjourned meeting	353530
62.	Business of adjourned meeting	353530
L.	Voting.....	353530
63.	Method of voting.....	353530
64.	Chairman's declaration conclusive on show of hands.....	353531
65.	Objection to error in voting	353531
66.	Amendment to resolutions	363631
67.	Procedure on a poll	363631
68.	Votes of members.....	373732
69.	Casting vote.....	373733
70.	Restriction on voting rights for unpaid calls etc.	373733
71.	Voting by proxy	373733
72.	Form of proxy.....	373733
73.	Deposit of proxy.....	383833
74.	More than one proxy may be appointed	393934
75.	Board may supply proxy cards.....	393934
76.	Revocation of proxy.....	393935
77.	Corporate representative	393935
78.	Failure to disclose interests in shares.....	404036
M.	Untraced members	414137
79.	Power of sale.....	414137
80.	Application of proceeds of sale	434338
N.	Appointment, retirement and removal of directors	434338
81.	Number of Directors.....	434338
82.	Power of Company to appoint Directors.....	434338
83.	Power of Board to appoint Directors.....	434338
84.	Eligibility of new Directors.....	434339

85.	Share qualification	434339
86.	Resolution for appointment.....	444439
87.	No retirement on account of age	444439
88.	Retirement	444439
89.	Removal by ordinary resolution	444440
90.	Vacation of office by Director.....	444440
91.	Resolution as to vacancy conclusive	454541
O.	Alternate Directors.....	454541
92.	Appointments.....	454541
93.	Participation in Board meetings	464641
94.	Alternate Director responsible for own acts	464641
95.	Interests of alternate Director.....	464642
96.	Revocation of appointment.....	464642
P.	Directors' remuneration, expenses and pensions	474742
97.	Directors' fees	474742
98.	Expenses	474742
99.	Additional remuneration.....	474742
100.	Remuneration of executive Directors	474743
101.	Pensions and other benefits.....	474743
Q.	Powers and duties of the Board	484843
102.	Powers of the Board.....	484843
103.	Powers of Directors being less than minimum number ...	484843
104.	Powers of executive Directors.....	484844
105.	Delegation to committees.....	484844
106.	Local management.....	494944
107.	Power of attorney	494945
108.	Associate Directors.....	505045
109.	Exercise of voting power	505045
110.	Provision for employees	505045
111.	Overseas registers	505046
112.	Borrowing powers.....	505046
R.	Proceedings of Directors and Committees.....	555550
113.	Board meetings.....	555550
114.	Notice of Board meetings.....	555550
115.	Quorum.....	555551
116.	Chairman of Board and other offices.....	565651
117.	Voting	575752
118.	Participation by telephone and electronic mail.....	575752
119.	Resolution in writing.....	575753
120.	Minutes of proceedings.....	585853
121.	Validity of proceedings.....	585853
S.	Directors' interests.....	585854
122.	Director may have interests.....	585854
123.	Disclosure of interests to Board	595954
124.	Interested Director not to vote or count for quorum	595955
125.	Director's interest in own appointment.....	606055
126.	Chairman's ruling conclusive on Director's interest.....	606056
127.	Directors' resolution conclusive on Chairman's interest ..	616156
128.	Exercise by Company of voting powers	616156
T.	The Seal.....	616156

129.	Application of Seal.....	616156
130.	Deed without sealing.....	616157
131.	Official seal for use abroad.....	626257
U.	Secretary.....	626257
132.	The Secretary.....	626257
V.	Dividends and other payments.....	626258
133.	Declaration of dividends.....	626258
134.	Interim dividends.....	626258
135.	Entitlement to dividends.....	636358
136.	Calls or debts may be deducted from dividends.....	636359
137.	Distribution in specie.....	636359
138.	Dividends not to bear interest.....	646459
139.	Method of payment.....	646459
140.	Uncashed dividends.....	656560
141.	Unclaimed dividends.....	656560
142.	Waiver of dividends.....	656560
143.	Payment of scrip dividends.....	656561
144.	Reserves.....	676763
145.	Capitalisation of reserves.....	686863
146.	Record dates.....	696964
W.	Accounts.....	696965
147.	Accounting records.....	696965
148.	Inspection of records.....	696965
149.	Accounts to be sent to members.....	717166
X.	Destruction and authentication of documents.....	717166
150.	Destruction of documents.....	717166
151.	Authentication of documents.....	727267
Y.	Notices.....	727267
152.	Notice to be in writing.....	727267
153.	Service of notice on members.....	727267
154.	Notice in case of death, bankruptcy or mental disorder.....	737368
155.	Evidence of service.....	737368
156.	Notice binding on transferees.....	747469
157.	Notice by advertisement.....	747469
158.	Suspension of postal services.....	747469
Z.	Winding up.....	757569
159.	Division of assets.....	757569
160.	Transfer or sale under section 222 of the Principal Act.....	757570
AA.	Indemnity.....	757570
161.	Right to indemnity.....	757570
162.	Power to insure.....	767671
1.	Table A not to apply.....	6
2.	Interpretation.....	6
3.	Registered office.....	10
B.	Share capital.....	10
4.	Authorised share capital.....	10
5.	Directors' power to allot.....	10
6.	Pre-emption.....	11
7.	Power to attach rights and issue redeemable shares.....	12
8.	Share warrants.....	13

9.	Commission and brokerage	13
10.	Trusts not to be recognised.....	13
11.	Renunciation of shares.....	13
12.	Increase, consolidation, cancellation and sub-division.....	13
13.	Fractions	14
14.	Reduction of capital.....	14
15.	Purchase of own shares.....	14
C.	Variation of class rights.....	15
16.	Sanction to variation.....	15
17.	Class meetings.....	15
18.	Deemed variation	16
D.	Share certificates.....	16
19.	Right to certificates	16
20.	Replacement certificates	16
21.	Uncertificated shares	17
E.	Lien on shares	18
22.	Lien on shares not fully paid.....	18
23.	Enforcement of lien by sale	19
24.	Application of proceeds of sale	19
F.	Calls on shares.....	19
25.	Calls.....	19
26.	Interest on calls	20
27.	Rights of member when call unpaid	20
28.	Sums due on allotment treated as calls.....	20
29.	Power to differentiate	20
30.	Payment in advance of calls.....	20
G.	Forfeiture of shares.....	21
31.	Notice if call not paid.....	21
32.	Forfeiture for non-compliance.....	21
33.	Notice after forfeiture.....	21
34.	Forfeiture may be annulled.....	21
35.	Surrender	21
36.	Disposal of forfeited shares.....	22
37.	Effect of forfeiture.....	22
38.	Extinction of claims.....	22
39.	Evidence of forfeiture.....	22
H.	Transfer of shares.....	23
40.	Form of transfer.....	23
41.	Right to refuse registration.....	23
42.	Notice of refusal	23
43.	Closing of register.....	24
44.	No fees on registration.....	24
45.	Recognition of renunciation of allotment of shares.....	24
I.	Transmission of shares	24
46.	On death.....	24
47.	Election of person entitled by transmission.....	24
48.	Rights on transmission.....	24
J.	General meetings	25
49.	Annual general meetings	25
50.	Extraordinary general meetings.....	25

51.	Convening of extraordinary general meeting.....	25
52.	Notice of general meetings	25
53.	Omission to send notice.....	26
54.	Special business	26
K.	Proceedings at general meetings	26
55.	Quorum	26
56.	If quorum not present	26
57.	Security and meeting place arrangements	28
58.	Chairman.....	28
59.	Director may attend and speak.....	28
60.	Power to adjourn.....	28
61.	Notice of adjourned meeting	29
62.	Business of adjourned meeting	29
L.	Voting.....	29
63.	Method of voting.....	29
64.	Chairman's declaration conclusive on show of hands.....	29
65.	Objection to error in voting	29
66.	Amendment to resolutions	30
67.	Procedure on a poll	30
68.	Votes of members.....	31
69.	Casting vote.....	31
70.	Restriction on voting rights for unpaid calls etc.	31
71.	Voting by proxy	31
72.	Form of proxy.....	31
73.	Deposit of proxy.....	32
74.	More than one proxy may be appointed	33
75.	Board may supply proxy cards.....	33
76.	Revocation of proxy.....	33
77.	Corporate representative	33
78.	Failure to disclose interests in shares.....	34
M.	Untraced members	35
79.	Power of sale.....	35
80.	Application of proceeds of sale	36
N.	Appointment, retirement and removal of directors	37
81.	Number of Directors.....	37
82.	Power of Company to appoint Directors.....	37
83.	Power of Board to appoint Directors.....	37
84.	Eligibility of new Directors	37
85.	Share qualification	37
86.	Resolution for appointment.....	37
87.	No retirement on account of age	38
88.	Retirement	38
89.	Removal by ordinary resolution	38
90.	Vacation of office by Director.....	38
91.	Resolution as to vacancy conclusive	39
O.	Alternate Directors.....	39
92.	Appointments.....	39
93.	Participation in Board meetings	40
94.	Alternate Director responsible for own acts	40
95.	Interests of alternate Director	40

96.	Revocation of appointment	40
P.	Directors' remuneration, expenses and pensions	40
97.	Directors' fees	41
98.	Expenses	41
99.	Additional remuneration	41
100.	Remuneration of executive Directors	41
101.	Pensions and other benefits	41
Q.	Powers and duties of the Board	42
102.	Powers of the Board	42
103.	Powers of Directors being less than minimum number	42
104.	Powers of executive Directors	42
105.	Delegation to committees	42
106.	Local management	43
107.	Power of attorney	43
108.	Associate Directors	43
109.	Exercise of voting power	44
110.	Provision for employees	44
111.	Overseas registers	44
112.	Borrowing powers	44
R.	Proceedings of Directors and Committees	49
113.	Board meetings	49
114.	Notice of Board meetings	49
115.	Quorum	49
116.	Chairman of Board and other offices	49
117.	Voting	51
118.	Participation by telephone and electronic mail	51
119.	Resolution in writing	51
120.	Minutes of proceedings	51
121.	Validity of proceedings	52
S.	Directors' interests	52
122.	Director may have interests	52
123.	Disclosure of interests to Board	53
124.	Interested Director not to vote or count for quorum	53
125.	Director's interest in own appointment	54
126.	Chairman's ruling conclusive on Director's interest	54
127.	Directors' resolution conclusive on Chairman's interest	54
128.	Exercise by Company of voting powers	55
T.	The Seal	55
129.	Application of Seal	55
130.	Deed without sealing	55
131.	Official seal for use abroad	55
U.	Secretary	56
132.	The Secretary	56
V.	Dividends and other payments	56
133.	Declaration of dividends	56
134.	Interim dividends	56
135.	Entitlement to dividends	56
136.	Calls or debts may be deducted from dividends	57
137.	Distribution in specie	57
138.	Dividends not to bear interest	57

139.	Method of payment.....	57
140.	Uncashed dividends.....	58
141.	Unclaimed dividends.....	59
142.	Waiver of dividends.....	59
143.	Payment of scrip dividends.....	59
144.	Reserves.....	61
145.	Capitalisation of reserves.....	61
146.	Record dates.....	62
W.	Accounts.....	63
147.	Accounting records.....	63
148.	Inspection of records.....	63
149.	Accounts to be sent to members.....	64
X.	Destruction and authentication of documents.....	64
150.	Destruction of documents.....	64
151.	Authentication of documents.....	65
Y.	Notices.....	65
152.	Notice to be in writing.....	65
153.	Service of notice on members.....	65
154.	Notice in case of death, bankruptcy or mental disorder.....	66
155.	Evidence of service.....	66
156.	Notice binding on transferees.....	67
157.	Notice by advertisement.....	67
158.	Suspension of postal services.....	67
Z.	Winding up.....	67
159.	Division of assets.....	67
160.	Transfer or sale under section 222 of the Principal Act.....	68
AA.	Indemnity.....	68
161.	Right to indemnity.....	68
162.	Power to insure.....	68

A. Preliminary

1. Table A not to apply

No regulations for management of a company set out in any statute concerning companies or contained in any regulations or instrument made pursuant to a statute shall apply to the Company. The following shall be the Articles of Association of the Company.

2. Interpretation

2.1 *Definitions*

In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

“Act” subject to paragraph 2.3 of this Article (Statutory provisions) the Companies Acts 1931-2004 and, where the context requires, every other statute from time to time in force concerning companies and affecting the Company;

“approved transfer” in relation to any shares held by a member:

(a) a transfer pursuant to the exercise of a power contained in the Act to acquire shares of a holder dissenting from a scheme or contract approved by a majority; or

(b) a transfer which is shown to the satisfaction of the Board to be made in consequence of a bona fide sale of the whole of the beneficial interest in the shares to a person who is unconnected with any member and with any other person appearing to be interested in the shares including any such sale made through the London Stock Exchange. For the purpose of this sub-paragraph the expression “connected person” shall have the meaning ascribed by sections 252 to 254 of the UK Act; a transfer to an offeror by way or in pursuance of acceptance of a takeover over (as defined in section 428 of the UK Act); or

~~(b) a transfer which is shown to the satisfaction of the Board to be made in consequence of a bona fide sale of the whole of the beneficial interest in the shares to a person who is unconnected with any member and with any other person appearing to be interested in the shares including any such sale made through the London Stock Exchange. For the purpose of this sub-paragraph any associate (as that term is defined in section 435 of the UK Insolvency Act 1986) shall be included amongst the persons who are connected with the member or any person appearing to be interested in such shares.;~~

"these Articles"	these Articles of Association as altered or varied from time to time (and "Article" means any provision of these Articles);
"Auditors"	the auditors for the time being of the Company or, in the case of joint auditors, any of them;
"Board"	the board of Directors for the time being of the Company or the Directors present at a duly convened meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present;
"British Isles"	the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, the Republic of Ireland and the Channel Islands;
"certificated"	in relation to a share, a share which is recorded in the Register as being held in certificated form;
"Chairman"	the chairman (if any) of the Board or, where the context requires, the chairman of a general meeting of the Company;
"clear days"	(in relation to the period of a notice) that period, excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
"Communication"	includes a communication comprising sounds or images or both and a communication effecting a payment;
"Company"	Hansard Global plc-;
"the default shares"	as defined in Article 78.1 (Disenfranchisement notice);
"Director"	a director for the time being of the Company;
"disenfranchisement notice"	as defined in Article 78.1— (Disenfranchisement notice);
"dividend"	a distribution or a bonus;
"Deputy Chairman"	the deputy chairman (if any) of the Board or, where the context requires, the deputy chairman of a general meeting of the Company;
"the elected Ordinary Shares"	as defined in Article 143.1 (h) (Authority to pay scrip dividends);
"Electronic Communication"	has the meaning ascribed to the term "electronic communication" in the Electronic Transactions Act 2000;
"equity share capital"	means in relation to a company, its issued share capital excluding any part thereof which, neither as respects dividends nor as respects capital, carries any right to participate beyond a specified amount in a

	distribution;
<u>"employees' share scheme"</u>	<u>a scheme for encouraging or facilitating the holding of shares in, or debentures of, the Company by or for the benefit of:—</u> <u>(a) the employees or former employees of the Company or any Group Company; or</u> <u>(b) the spouses, civil partners, surviving spouses, surviving civil partners, or minor children or step-children of such employees or former employees;</u>
"execution"	any mode of execution (and "executed" shall be construed accordingly);
"Group"	the Company and its subsidiaries from time to time, and "Group Company" means any company in the Group;
"holder"	(in relation to any share) the member whose name is entered in the Register as the holder or, where the context permits, the members whose names are entered in the Register as the joint holders of that share;
"Information Notice"	means a notice served upon a member by the Board requiring such member to disclose to the Board in writing within such period (being not less than ten days and not more than thirty days from the date of despatch) as may be specified in such notice any of the following information in relation to any or all of shares registered in such member's name at the date of the notice: (a) any beneficial interest of any third party in the Ordinary Shares the subject of the notice; (b) any other interest of any kind whatsoever which a third party may have in the Ordinary Shares;
"the London Stock Exchange"	London Stock Exchange Plc or such other principal stock exchange in the United Kingdom for the time being;
"member"	a member of the Company or, where the context requires, a member of the Board or of any committee;
"Office"	the registered office for the time being of the Company;
"Operator"	the operator as defined in the Uncertificated Regulations of the relevant Uncertificated System;
"Ordinary Shares"	Ordinary Shares of £0.50 each in the capital of the

	Company;
"paid up"	paid up or credited as paid up;
"Participating Security"	a share or class of shares or a renounceable right of allotment of a share, title to which is permitted to be transferred by means of an Uncertificated System in accordance with the Uncertificated Regulations;
"person entitled by transmission"	a person whose entitlement to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or of any other event giving rise to its transmission by operation of law has been noted in the Register;
"prescribed period"	in a case where the default shares represent at least 0.25 per cent in nominal value of their class, 14 days and in any other case, 28 days;
"Principal Act"	the Companies Act 1931;
"recognised investment exchange"	as defined in section 285 of the UK Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (an Act of Parliament);
"the record date"	as defined in Article 146 (Record dates);
"Register"	the register of members of the Company to be kept pursuant to section 96 of the Principal Act or, as the case may be, any overseas branch register kept pursuant to Article 111 (Overseas registers);
"Seal"	the common seal of the Company;
"Secretary"	the secretary for the time being of the Company or any other person appointed to perform any of the duties of the secretary of the Company including (subject to the provisions of the Act) a joint, temporary, assistant or deputy secretary;
"share"	a share in the capital of the Company;
<u>"subsidiary undertaking"</u>	<u>as defined in section 1162 of the UK Act and accordingly, where the context requires, the term "undertaking" shall have the meaning given at section 1161 of the UK Act;</u>
"uncertificated"	in relation to a share, a share to which title may be transferred by means of an Uncertificated System in accordance with the Uncertificated Regulations;
"Uncertificated System"	a relevant system as defined in the Uncertificated Regulations (and including, in particular, at the date of adoption of these Articles the CREST UK system <u>operated by Euroclear UK & International Limited</u>);
"Uncertificated"	the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2005— (as

Regulations"	amended or replaced from time to time);
" UK Act"	means subject to paragraph 2.3 of this Article (Statutory Provisions) the UK Companies Act 1985 <u>Act 2006 (an Act of Parliament) (as amended)</u> ;
"United Kingdom" or " UK"	Great Britain and Northern Ireland;
"UK Listing Authority"	the competent authority for the purposes of Part VI of the UK Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (an Act of Parliament);
"a withdrawal notice"	as defined in Article 78.2 (Withdrawal notice); and
"writing or written"	printing, typewriting, lithography, photography and any other mode or modes of representing or reproducing words in a legible and non-transitory form <u>whether sent or supplied as an Electronic Communication or otherwise.</u>

2.2 *General interpretation*

Unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) words in the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (b) words importing the masculine gender include the feminine gender;
- (c) a reference to a person includes a body corporate and an unincorporated body of persons;
- (d) a reference to an Uncertificated System is a reference to the Uncertificated System in respect of which the particular share or class of shares or renounceable right of allotment of a share is a Participating Security.

2.3 *Statutory provisions*

A reference to any statute or provision of a statute shall include any orders, regulations or other subordinate legislation made under it and shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any statutory modification or re-enactment of it for the time being in force.

2.4 *The Act*

Save as aforesaid, and unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act.

2.5 *Resolutions*

Where for any purpose an ordinary resolution of the Company is required, a special resolution or an extraordinary resolution shall also be effective, and where an extraordinary resolution is required a special resolution shall also be effective.

2.6 *Headings*

The headings are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect the construction of these Articles.

3. Registered office

The Office shall be at such place in the Isle of Man as the Board shall from time to time appoint.

B. Share capital

4. Authorised share capital

The authorised share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of these Articles is £100,000,000 divided into 200,000,000 Ordinary Shares.

5. Directors' power to allot

5.1 Subject to the provisions of this Article 5 and Article 6 relating to authority, pre-emption rights and otherwise and of any resolution of the Company in General Meeting passed pursuant thereto, all unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they think proper.

5.2 The Directors shall be generally and unconditionally authorised to exercise for each Allotment Period all the powers of the Company to allot ~~relevant equity~~ securities up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to the Authorised Allotment Amount.

5.3 During each Allotment Period the Directors shall be empowered to allot equity securities wholly for cash pursuant to and within the terms of the authority in Article 5.2 above:

(a) in connection with a Rights Issue;

~~(b) in connection with any employees' share scheme;~~ and

~~(eb)~~ otherwise than in connection with a Rights Issue ~~or an employees' share scheme,~~ up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to the Non-pre-emptive Amount,

as if Article 6 did not apply to any such allotment or sale.

5.4 By such authority and power the Directors may, during the Allotment Period, make offers or agreements which would or might require securities to be allotted or sold after the expiry of such period.

For the purposes of this Article 5:

(a) the "Allotment Period" means ~~the period ending on the date of the Company's aAnnual Ggeneral Mmeeting in 2007 or on 31 December 2007, whichever is the earlier, or any other~~ period (not exceeding 15 months on any occasion) for which the authority conferred by Article 5.2 above is renewed by ~~O~~rdinary ~~R~~esolution of the Company in General Meeting stating the Authorised Allotment Amount for such period;

~~(b) "equity securities" a share in the equity share capital of the Company or a right to subscribe for, or to convert securities into shares in the equity share capital of the Company; has the same meaning as used in Section 89 of the UK Companies Act 1985, as if the Company were incorporated in England and Wales;~~

(c) the "Authorised Allotment Amount" ~~shall for the first Allotment Period be the aggregate of £3 million and the aggregate nominal amount of shares in the Company issued in connection with any employees' share option scheme of the Company and~~ for any ~~other~~ Allotment Period shall be that stated in the relevant ~~O~~rdinary ~~R~~esolution renewing the authority conferred by Article 5.2 above for such period or, in either case, any increased amount fixed by ~~O~~rdinary ~~R~~esolution of the Company in General Meeting;

(d) the "Non-pre-emptive Amount" ~~shall for the first Allotment Period be the aggregate of £3 million and the aggregate nominal amount of shares in the Company issued in connection with any employees' share option scheme of~~

~~the Company and~~ for any ~~other~~ Allotment Period shall be that stated in the relevant ~~Special special Resolution resolution~~ renewing the power conferred by Article 5.3 above for such period or, in either case, any increased amount fixed by ~~Special special Resolution resolution~~;

~~(e) "relevant securities" has the same meaning as used in Section 80 of the UK Companies Act 1985, as if the Company were incorporated in England and Wales;~~

(fe) "Rights Issue" means an offer of equity securities open for acceptance for a period fixed by the Directors to members on the Register on a record date fixed by the Directors in proportion to their respective holdings of Ordinary Shares (for which purpose holdings in certificated and uncertificated form may be treated as separate holdings so far as the Act allows) but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory; and

(gef) the nominal amount of any securities shall be taken to be, in the case of rights to subscribe for or to convert any securities into shares of the Company, the nominal amount of such shares which may be allotted pursuant to such rights.

6. Pre-emption

6.1 Subject as indicated in Article 6.2, and unless the Company shall by special resolution otherwise direct, unissued shares in the capital of the Company shall only be allotted for cash in accordance with the provisions of this Article:

(a) all shares to be allotted (the "offer shares") shall first be offered on the same or more favourable terms to the members of the Company in proportion to their existing holdings of shares subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory (the "initial offer");

(b) the initial offer shall be made by written notice (the "offer notice") from the Directors specifying the number and price of the offer shares and shall invite each member to state in writing within a period, not being less than 21 days, whether they are willing to accept any offer shares and, if so, the maximum number of offer shares they are willing to take;

(c) at the expiration of the time specified for acceptance in the offer notice the Directors shall allocate the offer shares to or amongst the members who shall have notified to the Directors their willingness to take any of the offer shares but so that no member shall be obliged to take more than the maximum number of shares notified by him under sub-Article 6.1(b);

(d) if any offer shares remain unallocated after the initial offer, the Directors shall be entitled to allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of those shares to such persons in such manner as they think fit provided that those shares shall not be disposed of on terms which are more favourable than the terms of the initial offer.

6.2 The provisions of Article 6.1 shall not apply to the allotment of shares in connection with an employees' share scheme.

~~6.3~~ ~~–In addition, f~~For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of Article 6.1 shall not apply to the allotment of any shares for a consideration other than cash, and, accordingly, the Directors may allot or otherwise dispose of any unissued shares in the capital of the Company for a consideration other than cash to such persons at such times and generally on such terms as they may think fit.

6.A Treasury Shares

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 1931 - 2004 (Treasury Share) Regulations ~~2010~~2014, the Company may purchase qualifying shares (as defined by such Regulations) and hold, dispose or cancel the same.

7. Power to attach rights and issue redeemable shares

7.1 *Rights attaching to shares*

Subject to the provisions of the Act and to any special rights for the time being attached to any existing shares, any shares may be allotted or issued with or have attached to them such preferred, deferred or other special rights or restrictions whether in regard to dividends, voting, transfer, return of capital or otherwise as the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine or if no such resolution has been passed or so far as the resolution does not make specific provision as the Board may determine.

7.2 *Power to issue redeemable shares*

Subject to the provisions of the Act and to any special rights for the time being attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued which is or at the option of the Company or of the holder of such share liable to be redeemed.

7.3 *Redemption dates*

The date on which or by which, or dates between which, any redeemable shares are to be or may be redeemed may be fixed by the Directors and in such a case must be fixed by the Directors before the shares are issued. Unless otherwise specified in these Articles, the amount payable on redemption of any redeemable shares shall be the nominal value of such shares.

8. Share warrants

The Company shall have no power to issue any warrants stating that the bearer thereof is entitled to the shares specified therein.

9. Commission and brokerage

The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Act to pay commissions or brokerage to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company to the full extent permitted by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission or brokerage may be satisfied by the payment of cash, the allotment of fully or partly paid shares, the grant of an option to call for an allotment of shares or any combination of such methods.

10. Trusts not to be recognised

Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Articles, as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, the Company shall not recognise any person as holding any share on any trust and (except as aforesaid) the Company shall not be bound by or recognise (even if having notice of it) any equitable, contingent, future, partial or other claim to or interest in any share or any interest

in any fractional part of a share except an absolute right of the holder to the whole of the share.

11. Renunciation of shares

Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Directors may at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register as the holder recognise a renunciation of it by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share the right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose.

12. Increase, consolidation, cancellation and sub division

The Company in general meeting may from time to time by ordinary resolution:

- (a) increase its share capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes;
- (b) consolidate and/or divide, re-designate or convert all or any of its share capital into shares of larger or smaller nominal amount, or into different classes of shares than its existing shares;
- (c) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled; and
- (d) subject to the provisions of the Act, sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller nominal value than is fixed by the memorandum of association and may by such resolution determine that as between the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of the shares may, as compared with the others, have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights or be subject to any such restrictions as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares but so that the proportion between the amount paid up and the amount (if any) not paid up on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived.

13. Fractions

13.1 *Power to deal with fractional entitlements*

Whenever as the result of any consolidation, division or sub-division of shares any member would become entitled to fractions of a share, the Board may deal with the fractions as it thinks fit and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing):

- (a) the Board may determine which of the shares of such holder are to be treated as giving rise to such fractional entitlement and may decide that any of those shares shall be consolidated with any of the shares of any other holder or holders which are similarly determined by it to be treated as giving rise to a fractional entitlement for such other holder or holders into a single consolidated share and the Board may on behalf of all such holders, sell such consolidated share for the best price reasonably obtained to any person (including the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale after deduction of the expenses of sale in due proportion among those holders (except that any amount otherwise due to a holder, being less than £3 or such other sum as the Board may from time to time determine may be retained for the benefit of the Company); or
- (b) provided that the necessary unissued shares are available, the Board may

issue to such holder, credited as fully paid, by way of capitalisation the minimum number of shares required to round up his holding to an exact multiple of the number of shares to be consolidated into a single share (such issue being deemed to have been effected prior to consolidation), and the amount required to pay up such shares shall be appropriated at the Board's discretion from any of the sums standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve) or to the credit of profit and loss account and capitalised by applying the same in paying up the share.

13.2 *Sale of fractions*

For the purposes of any sale of consolidated shares pursuant to Article 12.1 (Power to deal with fractional entitlements), the Board may in the case of certificated shares authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to or in accordance with the directions of the purchaser or in the case of uncertificated shares exercise any power conferred on it by Article 20.5 (Forfeiture and sale), and the transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money in respect of any such sale, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale or transfer and any instrument or exercise shall be effective as if it had been executed or exercised by the holder of the shares to which it relates.

14. Reduction of capital

Subject to the provisions of the Act and to any rights for the time being attached to any shares, the Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve, any share premium account or any undistributable reserve in any manner.

15. Purchase of own shares

15.1 *Power to enter into share buy back agreements*

Subject to the provisions of the Act and to any rights for the time being attached to any shares, the Company may enter into any contract for the purchase of any of its own shares of any class (including any redeemable shares) and any contract under which it may, subject to any conditions, become entitled or obliged to purchase all or any of such shares. Any shares to be so purchased may be selected in any manner whatsoever provided that if at the relevant date proposed for approval of the proposed purchase there shall be in issue any shares of a class entitling the holders to convert into equity share capital of the Company then no such purchase shall take place unless it has been sanctioned by a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting (or meetings if there is more than one class) of the holders of such class of convertible shares.

15.2 *Class rights*

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, the rights attached to any class of shares shall be deemed not to be varied by anything done by the Company or the Directors pursuant to this Article.

C. Variation of class rights

16. Sanction to variation

Subject to the provisions of the Act, if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into shares of different classes any of the rights for the time being attached to any share or class of shares in the Company (and notwithstanding that the Company may be or be about to be in liquidation) may (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) be varied or abrogated in

such manner (if any) as may be provided by such rights or, in the absence of any such provision, either with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than 3 quarters in nominal value of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of shares of the class duly convened and held as provided in these Articles (but not otherwise). The foregoing provisions of this Article shall apply also to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the separate rights of which are to be varied. Subject to the terms of issue or the rights attached to any shares the rights or privileges attached to any class of shares shall be deemed not to be varied or abrogated by the Board resolving that a class of shares is to become or to cease to be a Participating Security.

17. Class meetings

All the provisions in these Articles as to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply to every meeting of the holders of any class of shares save that:

- (a) the quorum at every such meeting shall be not less than 2 persons holding or representing by proxy at least one-third of the nominal amount paid up on the issued shares of the class;
- (b) every holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll;
- (c) each such holder shall on a poll be entitled to one vote for every share of the class held by him; and
- (d) if at any adjourned meeting of such holders, such quorum as aforesaid is not present, not less than one person holding shares of the class who is present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.

18. Deemed variation

Subject to the terms on which any shares may be issued, the rights or privileges attached to any class of shares shall be deemed to be varied or abrogated by the reduction of the capital paid up on such shares or by the allotment of further shares ranking in priority for the payment of a dividend or in respect of capital or howsoever or which confer on the holders voting rights more favourable than those conferred by such first mentioned shares but shall not be deemed to be varied or abrogated by the creation or issue of any new shares ranking *pari passu* in all respects (save as to the date from which such new shares shall rank for dividend) with or subsequent to those already issued or by the purchase or redemption by the Company of its own shares in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these Articles.

D. Share certificates

19. Right to certificates

19.1 *Issue of certificates*

Save as provided by law, on becoming the holder of any certificated share every person shall be entitled without charge to have issued within 2 months after allotment or lodgement of a transfer (unless the terms of issue of the shares provide otherwise) one certificate for all the certificated shares of any one class registered in his name and to a separate certificate for each class of certificated shares so registered. Such certificate shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount or respective amounts paid up on them and shall be issued either under the Seal (which may be affixed to it or printed on it) or in such other manner having

the same effect as if issued under a seal and, having regard to the provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations applicable to the recognised investment exchange(s) to which the Company's shares are admitted, as the Board may approve.

19.2 *Distinguishing numbers*

If and so long as all the issued shares of the Company or all the issued shares of a particular class are fully paid up and rank pari passu for all purposes then none of those shares shall bear a distinguishing number. In all other cases each share shall bear a distinguishing number.

19.3 *Joint holders*

The Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate in respect of certificated shares held jointly by 2 or more persons. Delivery of a certificate to the person first named on the register shall be sufficient delivery to all joint holders.

19.4 *Balancing certificates*

Save as provided by law, where a member has transferred part only of the shares comprised in a certificate he shall be entitled without charge to a certificate for the balance of such certificated shares.

19.5 *Restrictions on certificates*

No certificate shall be issued representing certificated shares of more than one class.

20. Replacement certificates

20.1 *Consolidation of certificates*

Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any member may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu, subject to the payment of such reasonable fee, if any, as the Board may determine, on surrender of the original certificates for cancellation.

20.2 *Splitting share certificates*

If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing certificated shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such certificated shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Board may, if it thinks fit, comply with such request subject to the payment of such fee (if any) as it may determine.

20.3 *Renewal or replacement*

Share certificates may be renewed or replaced on such terms as to provision of evidence and indemnity (with or without security) and to payment of any exceptional out of pocket expenses (including those incurred by the Company in investigating such evidence and preparing such indemnity and security) as the Board may decide, and on surrender of the original certificate (where it is defaced or worn out) but without any further charge.

20.4 *Joint holders*

In the case of shares held jointly by several persons, any such request as is mentioned in this Article 20 (Replacement certificates) may be made by any one of the joint holders.

21. Uncertificated shares

21.1 *Participating security*

The Board may resolve that a class of shares is to become, or is to cease to be, a Participating Security and may implement such arrangements as it thinks fit in order for any class of shares to be admitted to settlement by means of an Uncertificated System. Shares of a class shall not be treated as forming a separate class from other shares of the same class as a consequence only of such shares being held in uncertificated form. Any share of a class which is a Participating Security may be changed from an uncertificated share to a certificated share and from a certificated share to an uncertificated share in accordance with the Uncertificated Regulations. For any purpose under these Articles, the Company may treat a member's holding of uncertificated shares and of certificated shares of the same class as if they were separate holdings, unless the Board otherwise decides.

21.2 *Application of Articles*

These Articles apply to uncertificated shares of a class which is a Participating Security only to the extent that these Articles are consistent with the holding of such shares in uncertificated form, with the transfer of title to such shares by means of the Uncertificated System and with the Uncertificated Regulations.

21.3 *Board regulations*

The Board may lay down regulations not included in these Articles which:

- (a) apply to the issue, holding or transfer of uncertificated shares (in addition to or in substitution for any provisions in these Articles);
- (b) set out (where appropriate) the procedures for conversion and/or redemption of uncertificated shares; and/or
- (c) the Board considers necessary or appropriate to ensure that these Articles are consistent with the Uncertificated Regulations and/or the Operator's rules and practices

such regulations will apply instead of any relevant provisions in these Articles which relate to certificates and the transfer, conversion and redemption of shares or which are not consistent with the Uncertificated Regulations, in all cases to the extent (if any) stated in such regulations. If the Board makes any such regulations, Article 21.2 will (for the avoidance of doubt) continue to apply to these Articles, when read in conjunction with those regulations.

21.4 *Instructions via an uncertificated system*

Any instruction given by means of an Uncertificated System as referred to in these Articles shall be a dematerialised instruction given in accordance with the Uncertificated Regulations, the facilities and requirements of the Uncertificated System and the Operator's rules and practices.

21.5 *Forfeiture and sale*

Where the Company is entitled under the Act, the Operator's rules and practices, these Articles or otherwise to dispose of, forfeit, enforce a lien over or sell or otherwise procure the sale of any shares of a class which is a Participating Security which are held in uncertificated form, the Board may take such steps (subject to the Uncertificated Regulations and to such rules and practices) as may be required or appropriate, by instruction by means of an Uncertificated System or otherwise, to effect such disposal, forfeiture, enforcement or sale including by (without limitation):

- (a) requesting or requiring the deletion of any computer-based entries in the

Uncertificated System relating to the holding of such shares in uncertificated form;

- (b) altering such computer-based entries so as to divest the holder of such shares of the power to transfer such shares other than to a person selected or approved by the Company for the purpose of such transfer;
- (c) requiring any holder of such shares, by notice in writing to him, to change his holding of such uncertificated shares into certificated form within any specified period;
- (d) requiring any holder of such shares to take such steps as may be necessary to sell or transfer such shares as directed by the Company;
- (e) otherwise rectify or change the Register in respect of any such shares in such manner as the Board considers appropriate (including, without limitation, by entering the name of a transferee into the Register as the next holder of such shares); and/or
- (f) appointing any person to take any steps in the name of any holder of such shares as may be required to change such shares from uncertificated form to certificated form and/or to effect the transfer of such shares (and such steps shall be effective as if they had been taken by such holder).

E. Lien on shares

22. Lien on shares not fully paid

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on any of its shares which are not fully paid, but only to the extent and in the circumstances permitted by law. The lien shall also extend to all distributions and other moneys from time to time declared or payable in respect of such share. The Board may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for some limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of a share shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien (if any) on that share.

23. Enforcement of lien by sale

23.1 *Power of sale*

The Company may sell in any manner decided by the Board all or any of the shares subject to any lien at such time or times and in such manner as it may determine, save that no sale shall be made until such time as the moneys in respect of which such lien exists or some part of them are or is presently payable, or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, and until a demand and notice in writing stating the amount due, or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding payment or fulfilment or discharge of them, and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been served on the holder or the persons (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares and default in payment, fulfilment or discharge shall have been made by him or them for 14 clear days after service of such notice.

23.2 *Title*

A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.

23.3 *Perfection of transfer*

For giving effect to any such sale, the Board may in the case of certificated shares authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold in the name and on behalf of the holder or the persons entitled by transmission in favour of the purchaser or as the purchaser may direct and in the case of uncertificated shares exercise any power conferred on it by Article 21.5 (Forfeiture and sale) to effect a transfer of the shares. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money in respect of any such sale and the title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale. Any instrument or exercise shall be effective as if it had been executed or exercised by the holder of, or the person entitled by transmission to the shares to which it relates.

24. Application of proceeds of sale

The net proceeds of any sale of shares subject to any lien after payment of the costs shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of so much of the amount due to the Company or of the liability or engagement (as the case may be) as is presently payable or is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged. The balance (if any) shall (in the case of certificated shares) on surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and in all cases subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable or any liability or engagement not liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged as existed on the shares before the sale be paid to the holder of (or the person (if any) entitled by transmission to) the shares immediately prior to sale.

F. Calls on shares

25. Calls

Subject to the terms of allotment of shares, the Board may from time to time make calls on the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on the shares or any class of shares held by them respectively (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and not payable on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue provided that no call on any share shall be payable within one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call. Each member shall (subject to receiving at least 14 clear days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made and whether or not by instalments) be liable to pay the amount of every call so made on him as required by the notice. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed or (as the case may require) any person to whom power has been delegated pursuant to these Articles serves notice of exercise of such power. A call may be required to be paid by instalments and may before receipt by the Company of any sum due under it be either revoked or postponed in whole or part as regards all or any such members as the Board may determine. A person on whom a call is made shall remain liable notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable for the payment of all calls in respect of them.

26. Interest on calls

If the whole of the sum payable in respect of any call is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment, the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay all reasonable costs, charges and expenses that the Company may have incurred by reason of such non-payment together with interest on the unpaid amount from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at the rate fixed by the terms of the allotment of the share or, if no rate is so fixed, at such rate, not exceeding 15 per cent per annum, as the Board shall determine and specify in the notice of the call. The Board may waive payment of such costs, charges,

expenses or interest in whole or in part.

27. Rights of member when call unpaid

No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or to be present and vote at any general meeting either personally or (save as proxy for another member) by proxy, or be reckoned in a quorum or to exercise any other privilege as a member unless and until he shall have paid all calls for the time being due and payable on every share held by him, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any).

28. Sums due on allotment treated as calls

Any sum payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date whether in respect of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium or as an instalment of a call shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made, notified and payable on the date on which, by the terms of allotment or in the notice of call, it becomes payable. If it is not paid, the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if such amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

29. Power to differentiate

The Board may make arrangements on the allotment or issue of shares for a difference as between the allottees or holders of such shares in the amount and time of payment of calls.

30. Payment in advance of calls

The Board may if it thinks fit receive from any member willing to advance it all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid on the shares held by him. Such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish pro tanto the liability on the shares on which it is made. The Company may pay interest on the money paid in advance or so much of it as exceeds the amount for the time being called up on the shares in respect of which such advance has been made at such rate not exceeding 15 per cent as the Board may decide until and to the extent that it would, but for the advance, become payable. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced on giving to such member not less than 3 months' notice in writing of its intention in that behalf, unless before the expiration of such notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced. No sum paid in advance of calls shall entitle the holder of a share in respect of them to any portion of a dividend subsequently declared in respect of any period prior to the date upon which such sum would, but for such payment, become presently payable.

G. Forfeiture of shares

31. Notice if call not paid

If any member fails to pay the whole of any call or any instalment of any call on or before the day appointed for payment the Board may at any time serve a notice in writing on such member, or on any person entitled to the shares by transmission, requiring payment, on a date not less than 14 clear days from the date of the notice, of the amount unpaid and any interest which may have accrued on it and any reasonable costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment. The notice shall name the place where the payment is to be made and state that, if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

32. Forfeiture for non-compliance

If the notice referred to in Article 31 (Notice if call not paid) is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, at any time before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture, and shall be deemed to occur at the time of the passing of the said resolution of the Board.

33. Notice after forfeiture

When any share has been forfeited notice of the forfeiture shall be served on the person who was before forfeiture the holder of the share or the person entitled to such share by transmission (as the case may be). An entry of such notice having been given and of the forfeiture with the date of it shall forthwith be made in the Register in respect of such share together with a note that dealings are not permitted in the share. However, no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.

34. Forfeiture may be annulled

The Board may at any time before any share so forfeited has been cancelled or sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of annul the forfeiture, on the terms that payment shall be made of all calls and interest due thereon and all expenses incurred in respect of the share and on such further terms (if any) as the Board shall see fit.

35. Surrender

The Board may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited under these Articles upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed and, subject to any such terms and conditions, a surrendered share shall be treated as if it had been forfeited. In such case, references in these Articles to forfeiture shall include surrender.

36. Disposal of forfeited shares

Every share which shall be forfeited may, subject to the provisions of the Act, be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before forfeiture its holder or entitled to it or to any other person on such terms and in such manner as the Board shall determine and, in the case of re-allotment, whether with or without all or any part of the amount previously paid up on the share being treated as so paid up. The Board may, for the purposes of the disposal in the case of certificated shares, authorise some person to transfer the share in question and may enter the name of the transferee in respect of the transferred share in the Register notwithstanding the absence of any share certificate being lodged in respect of it and may issue a new certificate to the transferee in respect of certificated shares transferred to it. An instrument of transfer executed by that person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the holder of or the person entitled by transmission to the share. In the case of uncertificated shares the Board may exercise any power conferred on it by Article 21.5 (Forfeiture and sale) to effect a transfer of the shares. The Company may, if the Board considers it just and equitable to do so, receive the consideration (if any) given for the share on its disposal.

37. Effect of forfeiture

A shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the shares forfeited and shall in the case of a certificated share surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for such shares. He shall

nevertheless be liable (unless payment is waived in whole or in part by the Directors) to pay to the Company all calls made and not paid on such shares at the time of forfeiture, and interest on them from the date of the forfeiture to the date of payment at the rate at which interest was payable on those amounts before the forfeiture or, if no interest was so payable, at such rate not exceeding 15 per cent per annum as the Board may determine, in the same manner in all respects as if the shares had not been forfeited, and to satisfy all (if any) claims, demands and liabilities which the Company might have enforced in respect of the shares at the time of forfeiture without any reduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on the disposal.

38. Extinction of claims

The forfeiture of a share shall include all dividends and other payments or distributions declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid or distributed before forfeiture.

39. Evidence of forfeiture

A statutory declaration by a Director or the Secretary that a share has been forfeited in pursuance of these Articles and stating the date on which it was forfeited shall as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share adversely to its forfeiture, be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it. The declaration, together with the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on its sale or disposition and a certificate for the share under the Seal delivered to the person to whom it is sold or disposed of, shall (subject if necessary to the execution of an instrument of transfer) constitute a good title to the share. Subject to the execution of any necessary transfer in the case of a certificated share, such person shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall be discharged from all calls made prior to such sale or disposition and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money or other consideration (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any act, omission or irregularity relating to or connected with the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share. Such person shall not (except by express agreement with the Company) become entitled to any dividend which might have accrued on the share before the completion of the sale or disposition thereof.

H. Transfer of shares

40. Form of transfer

Each member may transfer all or any of his shares in the case of certificated shares by instrument of transfer in writing in any usual form or in any form approved by the Board or in the case of uncertificated shares without a written instrument in accordance with the Uncertificated Regulations. Any written instrument shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and (in the case of a transfer of a share which is not fully paid up) by or on behalf of the transferee. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect of it.

41. Right to refuse registration

41.1 *Registration of certificated share transfer*

The Board may in its absolute discretion and without giving any reason refuse to register any transfer of a certificated share unless:

- (a) it is in respect of a share which is fully paid up;
- (b) it is in respect of a share on which the Company has no lien;

- (c) it is in respect of only one class of shares;
- (d) it is in favour of a single transferee or not more than four joint transferees;
- (e) it is duly stamped (if so required); and
- (f) it is delivered for registration to the Office, or such other place as the Board may from time to time determine, accompanied (except in the case of a transfer where a certificate has not been required to be issued) by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor and the due execution by him of the transfer or if the transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person to do so

provided that such discretion may not be exercised in such a way as to prevent dealings in such shares from taking place on an open and proper basis.

41.2 *Registration of an uncertificated share transfer*

The Board shall register a transfer of title to any uncertificated share or the renunciation or transfer of any renounceable right of allotment of a share which is a Participating Security held in uncertificated form in accordance with the Uncertificated Regulations, except that the Board may refuse (subject to any relevant requirements applicable to the recognised investment exchange(s) to which the shares of the Company are admitted) to register any such transfer or renunciation which is in favour of more than 4 persons jointly or in any other circumstance permitted by the Uncertificated Regulations.

42. Notice of refusal

If the Board refuses to register a transfer of a share it shall, within 2 months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee. Any instrument of transfer which the Board refuses to register shall (except in the case of suspected fraud) be returned to the person depositing it. All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company.

43. Closing of register

The registration of transfers of shares or of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding 30 days in any year) as the Board may from time to time determine (subject to the Uncertificated Regulations in the case of any shares of a class which is a Participating Security). Notice of closure of the Register shall be given in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

44. No fees on registration

No fee shall be charged for registration of a transfer or on the registration of any probate, letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney, notice or other instrument relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register affecting the title to any shares.

45. Recognition of renunciation of allotment of shares

Nothing in these Articles shall preclude the Board from recognising a renunciation of the allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.

I. Transmission of shares

46. On death

If a member dies the survivors or survivor where he was a joint holder and his executors or administrators where he was a sole or the only survivor of joint

holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his shares. Nothing in these Articles shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which has been solely or jointly held by him.

47. Election of person entitled by transmission

Any person entitled to a share by transmission, may, on such evidence as to his title being produced as the Board may reasonably require, elect either to become registered as a member or to have some person nominated by him registered as a member. If he elects to become registered himself he shall give written notice signed by him to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have some other person registered he shall, in the case of a certificated share, execute an instrument of transfer of such shares to that person and, in the case of an uncertificated share, either procure that all appropriate instructions are given by means of the Uncertificated System to effect the transfer of such share to such person or change the uncertificated share to certificated form and then execute an instrument of transfer of such share to such person. All the provisions of these Articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice, instrument of transfer or instructions (as the case may be) as if it were an instrument of transfer executed or instructions given by the member and his death, bankruptcy or other event had not occurred and any notice or transfer were executed by such member. Where the entitlement of a person to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or of any other event giving rise to its transmission by operation of law is proved to the satisfaction of the Board, the Board shall, within 2 months after proof, cause the entitlement of that person to be noted in the Register.

48. Rights on transmission

Where a person is entitled to a share by transmission, the rights of the holder in relation to such share shall cease. However, the person so entitled may give a good discharge for any dividends and other moneys payable in respect of it and shall have the same rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share except that he shall not before he is registered as the holder of the share be entitled in respect of it to give notice of or to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares of the Company. The Board may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share. If the notice is not complied with within 60 days the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends and other moneys payable in respect of such share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

J. General meetings

49. Annual general meetings

Subject to the provisions of the Act, annual general meetings shall be held once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than 15 months after the holding of the last preceding annual general meeting) and place as the Board may determine.

50. Extraordinary general meetings

All general meetings other than annual general meetings, shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

51. Convening of extraordinary general meeting

51.1 The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting.

~~51.151.2~~ The Board whenever it thinks fit shall proceed to convene a general meeting. At any meeting convened on such requisition (or any meeting requisitioned on requisition pursuant to section 113 of the Principal Act, in which case) no business shall be transacted except that stated by the requisition or proposed by the Board. If there are not within the Isle of Man sufficient members of the Board to convene a general meeting, any Director or any member of the Company may call a general meeting.

52. Notice of general meetings

52.1 *Length of notice*

An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting convened for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a Director or (save as provided by the Act) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company shall be convened by not less than 21 clear days' notice in writing. Other extraordinary general meetings shall be convened by not less than 14 clear days' notice in writing.

52.2 *Form of notice*

Every notice convening a general meeting shall specify:

- (a) whether the meeting is an annual general meeting or an extraordinary general meeting;
- (b) the place, the day and the time of the meeting;
- (c) in the case of special business, the general nature of that business;
- (d) if the meeting is convened to consider a special or extraordinary resolution, the intention to propose the resolution as such; and
- (e) with reasonable prominence that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him and that a proxy need not also be a member

52.3 *Entitlement to receive notice*

The notice shall be given to the members (other than any who under the provisions of these Articles or of any restrictions imposed on any shares are not entitled to receive notice from the Company), to the Directors and to the Auditors and if more than one for the time being, to each of them.

53. Omission to send notice

The accidental omission to send a notice of meeting or, in cases where it is intended that it be sent out with the notice, an instrument of proxy, to, or the non-receipt of either by, any person entitled to receive the same shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

54. Special business

All business that is transacted at a general meeting shall be deemed special, except the following transactions at an annual general meeting:

- (a) the declaration of dividends;
- (b) the receipt and consideration of the annual accounts and the reports of the Directors and the Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the accounts;
- (c) the election or re-election of Directors;
- (d) the fixing of the Directors fees pursuant to Article 97 (Directors' fees); and

- (e) the re-appointment of the Auditors retiring (unless they were last appointed otherwise than by the Company in general meeting) and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors or the determination of the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed.

K. Proceedings at general meetings

55. Quorum

No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business but the absence of a quorum shall not preclude the choice or appointment of a Chairman which shall not be treated as part of the business of the Meeting. Subject to the provisions of Article 56 (If quorum not present), 2 persons entitled to attend and to vote on the business to be transacted, each being a member present in person or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation which is a member, shall be a quorum.

56. If quorum not present

If within 15 minutes (or such longer interval not exceeding one hour as the Chairman in his absolute discretion thinks fit) from the time appointed for the holding of a general meeting a quorum is not present, or if during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case, the meeting shall stand adjourned to ~~the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such other~~ day and at such time and place as the Chairman (or, in default, the Board) may determine, being not less than 14 nor more than 28 days thereafter. If at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within 15 minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting one member present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) by a duly authorised representative shall be a quorum. If no such quorum is present or, if during the adjourned meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the adjourned meeting shall be dissolved. The Company shall give at least 7 clear days' notice of any meeting adjourned through lack of quorum (where such meeting is adjourned to a day being not less than 14 nor more than 28 days thereafter).

57. Security and meeting place arrangements

- 57.1 The Board may determine the means, or all different means, of attendance and participation used in relation to a general meeting and may make whatever arrangements it considers fit to allow those entitled to do so to attend and participate in any general meeting.
- 57.2 The Board shall determine in relation to each general meeting the means of attendance at and participation in the meeting, including whether the persons entitled to attend and participate in the meeting shall be enabled to do so:
- (a) by means of Electronic Communication; and/or
 - (b) by simultaneous attendance and participation at a satellite meeting place or places pursuant to Article 57.10.
- 57.3 The members present in person or by proxy by means of Electronic Communication (as so determined by the Board) shall be counted in the quorum for, and be entitled to participate in, the general meeting in question. A meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid if the Chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that members attending the meeting by all means (including the means of Electronic Communication) are able to:
- (a) participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened;
 - (b) hear all persons who speak at the meeting; and
 - (c) be heard by all other persons attending and participating in the meeting.
- 57.4 A person is able to participate in a meeting if that person's circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights in relation to the meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them.
- 57.5 A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting.
- 57.6 A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when:
- (a) that person is able to vote, during the meeting (or, in the case of a poll, within the time period specified by the Chairman of the meeting) on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting; and
 - (b) that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting.
- 57.7 Unless otherwise specified in the notice of meeting or determined by the Chairman of the meeting, a general meeting is deemed to take place at the place where the Chairman of the meeting is at the time of the meeting.
- 57.8 In determining whether persons are attending or participating in a meeting, other than at a physical place or places, it is immaterial where any of them are or how they are able to communicate with each other.
- 57.9 If, at any general meeting at which members are entitled to participate by means of Electronic Communication determined by the Board, any document is required to be on display or to be available for inspection at the meeting (whether prior to or for the duration of the meeting or both), the Company shall ensure that it is available in electronic form to persons entitled to inspect it for at least the required period of time, and this will be deemed to satisfy any such requirement.

57.10 The Board may resolve to enable persons entitled to attend and participate in a general meeting to do so by simultaneous attendance and participation at a satellite meeting place or places anywhere in the world. The members present in person or by proxy at satellite meeting places shall be counted in the quorum for, and entitled to participate in, the general meeting in question, and the meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid if the Chairman of the meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the meeting to ensure that members attending at all the meeting places are able to:

- (a) participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened;
- (b) hear all persons who speak (whether by the use of microphones, loudspeakers, audio-visual communications equipment or otherwise) in the principal meeting place and any satellite meeting place; and
- (c) be heard by all other persons so present in the same way,

and the meeting shall be deemed to take place at the place where the Chairman of the meeting presides (the "principal meeting place", with any other location where that meeting takes place being referred in these Articles as a "satellite meeting"). The Chairman shall be present at, and the meeting shall be deemed to take place at, the principal meeting place and the powers of the Chairman shall apply equally to each satellite meeting place, including their power to adjourn the meeting.

57.11 Searches

The Board may direct that members or proxies wishing to attend any general meeting should submit to such searches or other security arrangements or restrictions as the Board shall consider appropriate in the circumstances and shall be entitled in its absolute discretion to refuse entry to such general meeting to any member or proxy who fails to submit to such searches or otherwise to comply with such security arrangements or restrictions.

57.12 Inadequate meeting place

If it appears to the Chairman that the meeting place specified in the notice convening the meeting is inadequate to accommodate all members entitled and wishing to attend, the meeting shall nevertheless be duly constituted and its proceedings valid provided that the Chairman is satisfied that adequate facilities are available to ensure that any member who is unable to be accommodated is nonetheless able to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened and to hear and see all persons present who speak (whether by the use of microphones, loud-speakers, audio-visual communications equipment or otherwise), whether in the meeting place or elsewhere, and to be heard and seen by all other persons so present in the same manner.

58. Chairman

The Chairman of the Board shall preside as Chairman at every general meeting of the Company. If there be no such Chairman or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or shall be unwilling to act as Chairman, the deputy Chairman (if any) of the Board shall if present and willing to act preside as Chairman at such meeting. If no Chairman or deputy Chairman shall be so present and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to act or, if there be only one Director present, he shall be Chairman if willing to act. If no Director is willing to act as Chairman of the meeting or, if no Director is present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

59. Director may attend and speak

A Director shall notwithstanding that he is not a member be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares of the Company. The Chairman may invite any person to attend and speak at any general meeting of the Company whom the Chairman considers to be equipped by knowledge or experience of the Company's business to assist in the deliberations of the meeting.

60. Power to adjourn

60.1 The Chairman of the general meeting may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall if so directed by the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time (or indefinitely) and from place to place as he shall determine. However, without prejudice to any other power which he may have under these Articles or at common law the Chairman may, without the need for the consent of the meeting, interrupt or adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place or for an indefinite period if he is of the opinion that it has become necessary to do so in order to secure the proper and orderly conduct of the meeting or to give all persons entitled to do so a reasonable opportunity of speaking and voting at the meeting or to ensure that the business of the meeting is otherwise properly disposed of.

60.160.2 If it appears to the Chairman of the general meeting that a means of Electronic Communication has become inadequate for the purposes referred to in article 57.3, then the Chairman may, without having to seek the consent of the meeting given that this may not be practicable in the circumstances, exercise his rights to manage the meeting to pause, interrupt or adjourn the general meeting. All business conducted at that general meeting up to the time of that adjournment shall be valid.

61. Notice of adjourned meeting

Where a meeting is adjourned indefinitely the Board shall fix the time and place for the adjourned meeting. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more or indefinitely, 7 clear days' notice at the least, specifying the place, the day and time of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted, shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting.

62. Business of adjourned meeting

No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

L. Voting

63. Method of voting

At any general meeting a resolution put to a vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless (before or immediately after the declaration of the result of the show of hands or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll) a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded by:

- (a) the Chairman of the meeting; or
- (b) by at least 5 members present in person or by proxy having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (c) a member or members present in person or by proxy representing not less than one tenth of the voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares held as treasury shares); or
- (d) a member or members present in person or by proxy holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares held as treasury shares);

and a demand for a poll by a person as proxy for a member shall be as valid as if the demand were made by the member himself.

64. Chairman's declaration conclusive on show of hands

Unless a poll is duly demanded and the demand is not withdrawn a declaration by the Chairman of the meeting that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost or not carried by a particular majority shall be conclusive, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence thereof, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

65. Objection to error in voting

No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter or to the counting of or failure to count any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered or at which the error occurs. Any objection or error shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting and shall only

vitiating the decision of the meeting on any resolution if the Chairman decides that it is of sufficient magnitude to vitiate the resolution or may otherwise have affected the decision of the meeting. The decision of the Chairman on such matters shall be final and conclusive.

66. Amendment to resolutions

If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the Chairman of the meeting, any error in such ruling shall not invalidate the proceedings on the substantive resolution. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a special or extraordinary resolution no amendment to it (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted on. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as an ordinary resolution, no amendment to it (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a manifest error) may be considered or voted upon unless notice of such proposed amendment is given to the Office at least 48 hours prior to the time appointed for holding the relevant meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the absence of any such notice) the Chairman of the meeting in his absolute discretion rules that the amendment is fit for consideration at the meeting.

67. Procedure on a poll

67.1 *Timing of poll*

Any poll duly demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll duly demanded on any other matter shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) and at such time and place, not being more than 30 days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll as demanded, as the Chairman shall direct. The Chairman may, and if so directed by the meeting shall, appoint scrutineers who need not be members and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least 7 clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

67.2 *Continuance of the meeting*

The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result on a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.

67.3 *Withdrawal of demand for a poll*

The demand for a poll may before the poll is taken, be withdrawn, but only with the consent of the Chairman. A demand so withdrawn shall validate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made. If a demand is withdrawn, the persons entitled in accordance with Article 63 (Method of voting) may demand a poll.

67.4 *Voting on a poll*

On a poll votes may be given in person or by proxy or (in the case of a corporate member) by a duly authorised representative. A member entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

68. Votes of members

68.1 *Number of votes*

Subject to the provisions of the Act and to any special terms as to voting on which any shares may have been issued or may for the time being be held and to any suspension or abrogation of voting rights pursuant to these Articles, at any general meeting every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall on a show of hands have one vote and on a poll every member present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) by a duly authorised representative shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder.

68.2 *Joint holders*

If 2 or more persons are joint holders of a share, then in voting on any question the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. For this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the Register.

68.3 *Receivers and other persons*

Where in the Isle of Man or elsewhere a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, the Board may in its absolute discretion on or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Board may require, permit such receiver or other person authorised by a court or official, to vote in person or, on a poll, by proxy on behalf of such member at any general meeting. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the Office or at such other place as is specified in accordance with these Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

69. Casting vote

In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll was demanded shall be entitled to a second or casting vote in addition to any other vote that he may have.

70. Restriction on voting rights for unpaid calls etc.

No member shall, unless the Board otherwise determines, be entitled to vote at a general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares either in person or by proxy in respect of any share held by him or to exercise any right as a member unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of that share in the Company have been paid to the Company.

71. Voting by proxy

Any person (whether a member of the Company or not) may be appointed to act as a proxy. Deposit of an instrument of proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting in respect of which the proxy is appointed or at any adjournment of it.

72. Form of proxy

72.1 Subject to article 72.2, an instrument appointing a proxy shall be in any common form or in such other form as the Board may approve under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointor is a corporation under its common seal or under the hand of some officer or attorney duly authorised in that behalf.

72.2 The Board may accept the appointment of a proxy by Electronic Communication on such terms and subject to such conditions as it considers fit. The appointment of a proxy by Electronic Communication shall not be subject to the requirements of article 72.1.

~~72.1~~72.3 The appointment of a proxy shall:

~~be in any common form or in such other form as the Board may approve under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointor is a corporation under its common seal or under the hand of some officer or attorney duly authorised in that behalf;~~

- (a) be deemed (subject to any contrary direction contained in the same) to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution or amendment of a resolution put to the meeting for which it is given, as the proxy thinks fit, but shall not confer any further right to speak at the meeting except with the permission of the Chairman;
- (b) unless the contrary is stated in it be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates; and
- (c) where it is stated to apply to more than one meeting, be valid for all such meetings as well as for any adjournment of any such meetings.

73. Deposit of proxy

The appointment of a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Board shall:

- (a) ~~in the case of an instrument in writing,~~ be deposited by personal delivery, post or facsimile transmission at the Office or at such other place within the Isle of Man as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
- (b) in the case of an appointment contained in an Electronic Communication, where an address has been specified for the purpose of receiving Electronic Communications:
 - (i) in the notice convening the meeting; or
 - (ii) in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting; or
 - (iii) in any invitation contained in an Electronic Communication to appoint a proxy issued by the Company in relation to the meetingbe received at such address not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote; or
- (c) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded be deposited as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than

24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or

- (d) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the Chairman of the meeting;

and an appointment of a proxy not deposited, delivered or received in a manner so permitted shall be invalid. ~~The Board may at its discretion treat a faxed or other machine made copy of a written instrument or Electronic Communication appointing a proxy as such an appointment for the purpose of this article.~~ No appointment of a proxy shall be valid after the expiry of 12 months from the date named in it as the date of its execution except at an adjourned meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting in cases where the meeting was originally held within 12 months from such date.

74. More than one proxy may be appointed

A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion. When 2 or more valid but differing appointments of proxy are delivered in respect of the same share for use at the same meeting and in respect of the same matter, the one which is last validly delivered (regardless of its date or of the date of its execution) shall be treated as replacing and revoking the other or others as regards that share. If the Company is unable to determine which appointment was last validly delivered, none of them shall be treated as valid in respect of that share.

75. Board may supply proxy cards

The Board shall at the expense of the Company send by post, Electronic Communication or otherwise forms of appointment of proxy (reply-paid or otherwise) with the notice convening any general meeting to members entitled to vote at the meeting. Such forms of appointment of proxy shall provide for voting both for and against all resolutions to be proposed at the meeting other than the resolutions relating to the procedure of the meeting. The accidental omission to send an appointment of proxy or the non receipt of it by any member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

76. Revocation of proxy

A vote given or poll demanded in accordance with the terms of an appointment of a proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the death or mental disorder of the principal or the revocation of the appointment of the proxy, or of the authority under which the appointment of the proxy was executed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the appointment of the proxy is given unless notice in writing of such death, mental disorder, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Office, or at such other place as has been appointed for the deposit of written appointments of proxy or, where the appointment of the proxy is contained in an Electronic Communication, at the address at which such appointment was received at least 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or the taking of the poll at which the instrument of proxy is used.

In this Article, "address" in relation to Electronic Communications includes any number, electronic mail address or other address used for the purposes of such communications.

77. Corporate representative

- (a) A corporation (whether or not a company within the meaning of the Act) which is a member may by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative (or as

the case may be, representatives) at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares. Any person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation (in respect of that part of the corporation's Financial holdings to which the authority relates) as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member. The corporation shall for the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present at it and all references to attendance and voting in person shall be construed accordingly. A certified copy of such a resolution shall be deposited at the office not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or first meeting at which the person so authorised is to act, or, in the case of a poll taken subsequent to the meeting or first meeting, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and unless such certified copy of such resolution is so deposited the authority granted by such resolution shall not be treated as valid. Where certified copies of 2 or more valid but differing resolutions authorising any person or persons to act as the representative of any corporation pursuant to this Article 76 at the same meeting in relation to the same share are deposited at the office, the resolution, a certified copy of which is deposited with the Company (in accordance with this Article 77) last in time (regardless of the date of such certified copy or of the date upon which the resolution set out there was passed), shall be treated as revoking and replacing all other such authorities as regards that share but if the Company is unable to determine which of any such 2 or more valid but differing resolutions was the one so deposited last in time, none of them shall be treated as valid in respect of that share. The authority granted by any such resolution shall, unless the contrary is stated in the certified copy thereof deposited with the Company pursuant to this Article, be treated as valid for any adjournment of any meeting at which such authority may be used as well as at such meeting.

- (b) A corporation which is a member of the Company who holds different classes of shares may so authorise one or more different persons for each class of share held.

78. Failure to disclose interests in shares

78.1 *Disenfranchisement notice*

The Board may at any time serve an Information Notice upon a member. If a member has been issued with an Information Notice and has failed in relation to any shares the subject of the Information Notice ("relevant shares") to furnish any information required by such notice within the time period specified therein, then the Board may at any time following 14 days from the expiry of the date on which the information required to be furnished pursuant to the relevant Information Notice is due to be received by the Board, ~~serve~~ on the relevant holder a notice (in this Article called a "disenfranchisement notice") whereupon the following sanctions shall apply:

(a) *Voting*

the member shall not with effect from the service of the disenfranchisement notice be entitled in respect of the relevant shares to be present or to vote (either in person or by representative or proxy) at any general meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares of the Company or on any poll or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting or poll; and

(b) *Dividends and transfers*

where the relevant shares represent at least 0.25 per cent. in nominal value of their class:

- (i) any dividend or other money payable in respect of the relevant shares shall be withheld by the Company, which shall not have any obligation to pay interest on it and the member shall not be entitled to elect pursuant to Article 143 (Payment of scrip dividends) to receive shares instead of that dividend; and
- (ii) subject in the case of uncertificated shares to the Uncertificated Regulations no transfer, other than an approved transfer, of any relevant shares held by the member shall be registered unless the member is not himself in default as regards supplying the information required pursuant to the relevant Information Notice and the member proves to the satisfaction of the Board that no person in default as regards supplying such information is interested in any of the shares the subject of the transfer.

78.2 *Withdrawal notice*

The Company may at any time withdraw a disenfranchisement notice by serving on the holder of the shares to which the same relates a notice in writing to that effect (a "withdrawal notice").

78.3 *Cessation of sanctions*

Where the sanctions under Article 78.1 (Disenfranchisement notice) apply in relation to any shares they shall cease to have effect:

- (a) if the shares are transferred by means of an approved transfer;
- (b) at the end of the period of one week (or such shorter period as the Board may determine) following receipt by the Company of the information required by the notice mentioned in Article 78.1 and the Board being fully satisfied that such information is full and complete; or
- (c) on the date on which a withdrawal notice is served by the Company.

78.4 *Certificated form*

The Board may:

- (a) give notice in writing to any member holding relevant shares in uncertificated form requiring the member to change his holding of such shares from uncertificated form into certificated form within a specified period and then to hold such default shares in certificated form until the issue of a withdrawal notice; and
- (b) appoint any person to take any steps, by instruction by means of an Uncertificated System or otherwise, in the name of any holder of relevant shares as may be required to change such shares from uncertificated form into certificated form (and such steps shall be effective as if they had been taken by such holder).

M. *Untraced members*

79. *Power of sale*

79.1 *Untraceable members*

The Company shall be entitled to sell at the best price reasonably obtainable any share of a member or any share to which a person is entitled by transmission if and

provided that:

- (a) during the period of 12 years prior to the date of the publication of the advertisements referred to in paragraph (b) (or if published on different dates, the earlier or earliest of them) no cheque, order or warrant in respect of such share sent by the Company through the post in a pre-paid envelope addressed to the member or to the person entitled by transmission to the share at his address on the Register or other last known address given by the member or person to which cheques, orders or warrants in respect of such share are to be sent has been cashed and the Company has received no communications in respect of such share from such member or person provided that during such period of 12 years at least 3 cash dividends (whether interim or final) in respect of the shares in question have become payable and no such dividend during that period has been claimed by the person entitled to it;
- (b) on or after expiry of the said period of 12 years the Company has given notice of its intention to sell such share by advertisements in both a national daily newspaper published in the United Kingdom and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the last known address of such member or person appeared;
- (c) the said advertisements, if not published on the same day, shall have been published within 30 days of each other;
- (d) during the further period of 3 months following the date of publication of the said advertisements (or, if published on different dates the later or latest of them) and prior to the exercise of the power of sale the Company has not received any communication in respect of such share from the member or person entitled by transmission; and
- (e) the Company has given notice in accordance with the regulations of the relevant regulatory authority of its intention to make such sale and shall, if appropriate, have obtained the approval of the relevant regulatory authority to the proposed form of the said advertisement, if shares of the class concerned are admitted to a securities list and/or a recognised investment exchange.

79.2 *Perfection of transfer*

To give effect to any sale of shares pursuant to this Article 79 the Board may in the case of certificated shares authorise some person to transfer the shares in question and may enter the name of the transferee in respect of the transferred shares in the Register notwithstanding the absence of any share certificate being lodged in respect of it and may issue a new certificate to the transferee and in the case of uncertificated shares exercise any power conferred on it by Article 21.5 (Forfeiture and sale) to effect a transfer of the shares. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys in respect of any such sale nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale or transfer. Any instrument or exercise shall be effective as if it had been executed or exercised by the holder of or the person entitled by transmission to the shares to which it relates.

79.3 *Additional shares*

If during the period of 12 years referred to in Article 79.1 (Untraceable members) or during any period ending on the date when all the requirements of paragraphs (a) to (d) of Article 79.1 have been satisfied, any additional shares have been issued in respect of those held at the beginning of such period or of any previously

so issued during such period and all the requirements of paragraphs (b) to (d) of Article 79.1 have been satisfied in regard to such additional shares the Company shall also be entitled to sell the additional shares.

80. Application of proceeds of sale

The Company shall account to the member or other person entitled to such share for the net proceeds of such sale by carrying all moneys in respect of it to a separate account. The Company shall be deemed to be a debtor to and not a trustee for such member or other person in respect of such moneys. Moneys carried to such separate account may either be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments as the Board may from time to time think fit. No interest shall be payable to such member or other person in respect of such moneys and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on them.

N. Appointment, retirement and removal of directors

81. Number of Directors

Unless and until otherwise determined by the Company by ordinary resolution the number of Directors (other than any alternate Directors) shall be not less than 2 or more than 12.

82. Power of Company to appoint Directors

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy, or as an addition to the existing Board, but the total number of Directors shall not exceed any maximum number fixed in accordance with these Articles.

83. Power of Board to appoint Directors

Without prejudice to the power of the Company to appoint any person to be a Director pursuant to these Articles the Board shall have power at any time to appoint any person who is willing to act as a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board, but the total number of Directors shall not exceed any maximum number fixed in accordance with these Articles. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the annual general meeting of the Company next following such appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election. If not re-appointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate office at the conclusion thereof.

84. Eligibility of new Directors

No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall be appointed or re-appointed a Director at any general meeting unless:

- (a) he is recommended by the Board; or
- (b) not less than 7 nor more than 35 clear days before the date appointed for the meeting notice duly executed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or re-appointment stating the particulars which would if he were so appointed or re-appointed be required to be included in the Company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or re-appointed is lodged at the Office.

85. Share qualification

A Director shall not be required to hold any shares.

86. Resolution for appointment

A resolution for the appointment of 2 or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved unless an ordinary resolution that it shall be so proposed has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it and any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void. For the purpose of this Article, a resolution for approving a person's appointment or for nominating a person for appointment as a Director shall be treated as a resolution for his appointment.

87. No retirement on account of age

No person shall be or become incapable of being appointed or re-appointed a Director by reason of his having attained the age of 70 or any other age, nor shall any special notice be required in connection with the appointment, re-appointment or the approval of the appointment of such person. No Director shall vacate his office at any time by reason of the fact that he has attained the age of 70 or any other age.

88. Retirement

88.1 *Number of directors*

All Directors shall retire at the annual general meeting and be eligible for re-election unless the Directors otherwise determine no later than the date of the notice of such meeting.

88.2 *Timing of retirement*

The retirement of any Director retiring at a general meeting in accordance with this Article shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost in which case the retirement shall take effect at the time of election of his replacement or the time of the losing of that resolution as the case may be. A retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without a break.

89. Removal by ordinary resolution

The Company may by ordinary resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director and, without prejudice to any claim for damages which he may have for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company, may (subject to these Articles) by ordinary resolution appoint another person who is willing to act to be a Director in his place. In default of such appointment the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled by a casual vacancy.

90. Vacation of office by Director

Without prejudice to any provisions for retirement contained in these Articles the office of a Director shall be vacated if:

- (a) he resigns by notice in writing delivered to the Secretary at the Office or tendered at a Board meeting in which event he shall vacate that office on the service of that notice on the Company or at such later time as is specified in the notice or he offers in writing to resign from his office and the Directors resolve to accept such offer; or
- (b) he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Act, is removed from office pursuant to these Articles or becomes prohibited by law from

being a Director; or

- (c) he becomes bankrupt, has an interim receiving order made against him, makes any arrangement or compounds with his creditors generally; or
- (d) an order is made by any court of competent jurisdiction (whether in the Isle of Man, the United Kingdom or elsewhere) on the ground (howsoever formulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a guardian or receiver or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs or he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under any statute for the time being in force in the Isle of Man or the United Kingdom relating to mental disorder or, in any other territory, in pursuance of an application for admission under analogous legislation or regulations and the Board resolves that his office be vacated; or
- (e) he shall be absent, without the permission of the Board from Board meetings for 6 consecutive months (whether or not an alternate director appointed by him attends) and the Board resolves that his office be vacated; or
- (f) he is requested to resign by notice in writing addressed to him at his address as shown in the register of Directors and signed by all the other Directors (without prejudice to any claim for damages which he may have for breach of any contract between him and the Company); or
- (g) he is convicted of an indictable offence and the Directors shall resolve that it is undesirable in the interests of the Company that he remains a Director of the Company; or
- (h) the conduct of that Director (whether or not concerning the affairs of the Company) is the subject of either (i) ~~an application by the Treasury pursuant to section 26 of the Companies Act 1992 to the Isle of Man High Court~~ an order made or undertaking given under the Company Officers (Disqualification) Act 2009 or (ii) an investigation by the police of any jurisdiction and the Board shall resolve that it is undesirable that he remains a Director; or
- (i) notice is given to terminate his contract of employment or engagement with the Company where he is in breach of such contract; or
- (j) he has been disqualified from acting as a director.

91. Resolution as to vacancy conclusive

A resolution of the Board declaring a Director to have vacated office under the terms of Article 90 (Vacation of office by Director) shall be conclusive as to the fact and grounds of vacation stated in the resolution.

O. Alternate Directors

92. Appointments

92.1 *Identity of appointee*

Each Director (other than an alternate Director) may by notice in writing under his hand delivered to the Secretary at the Office or at a meeting of the Directors or in any other manner approved by the Board appoint any other Director or any person approved for that purpose by the Board and willing to act to be his alternate and may in like manner remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him.

92.2 *Method of appointment*

No appointment of an alternate Director shall be effective until his consent to act as a Director in the form prescribed by the Act has been received at the Office or at the address specified by the Board for the receipt of Electronic Communications.

92.3 *Nature of alternate*

An alternate Director need not hold a share qualification and shall not be counted in reckoning any maximum number of Directors allowed by these Articles.

93. Participation in Board meetings

93.1 *Right to participate*

Every alternate Director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of the Board and all committees of the Board of which his appointor is a member and, in the absence from such meetings of his appointor, to attend and vote at such meetings and to exercise all the powers, rights, duties and authorities of his appointor as a Director. A Director acting as alternate Director shall have a separate vote at Board meetings for each Director for whom he acts as alternate Director, in addition to his own vote (if any), but he shall count as only one person for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present.

93.2 *Alternate's authority*

Execution by an alternate Director of any resolution in writing of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors shall, unless the notice of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as execution by his appointor. To such extent as the Directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the Directors the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member.

94. Alternate Director responsible for own acts

94.1 *Responsibility for defaults*

Every person acting as an alternate Director shall be an officer of the Company, shall alone be responsible to the Company for his own acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him.

94.2 *Status of alternate*

Save as otherwise provided in these Articles, an alternate Director shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of these Articles relating to Directors and shall be deemed for all purposes to be a Director.

95. Interests of alternate Director

An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements with the Company and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director. However, he shall not, unless the Company by ordinary resolution otherwise determines, be entitled to receive from the Company any fees for his services as alternate except only such part (if any) of the fee payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company direct. Subject to this Article, the Company shall pay to an alternate Director such expenses as might properly have been paid to him if he had been a Director.

96. Revocation of appointment

An alternate Director shall cease to be an alternate Director:

- (a) if his appointor revokes his appointment; or
- (b) if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a Director, provided that if any Director is re-appointed or deemed to be re-appointed at the same meeting at which he retires, any valid appointment of an alternate Director which was in force immediately before his retirement shall remain in force; or
- (c) if any event happens in relation to him which, if he were a Director otherwise appointed, would cause him to vacate office.

P. Directors' remuneration, expenses and pensions

97. Directors' fees

The Directors (other than alternate Directors) shall be entitled to receive by way of fees for their services as Directors such sum as the Board may from time to time determine (not exceeding £500,000 per annum or such other sum as the Company in general meeting shall from time to time determine). Such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution of the Company by which it is voted) shall be divided among the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may determine or in default of such determination, equally (except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the fees are paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he holds office). Any fees payable pursuant to this Article shall be distinct from any salary, remuneration or other amounts payable to a Director pursuant to any other provisions of these Articles and shall accrue from day to day.

98. Expenses

Each Director shall be entitled to be repaid all reasonable travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by him in or about the performance of his duties as Director, including any expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Board or any committee of the Board or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company

99. Additional remuneration

If by arrangement with the Board any Director shall perform or render any special duties or services outside his ordinary duties as a Director and not in his capacity as a holder of employment or executive office, he may be paid such reasonable additional remuneration (whether by way of a lump sum or by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may from time to time determine.

100. Remuneration of executive Directors

The salary or remuneration of any Director appointed to hold any employment or executive office in accordance with the provisions of these Articles may be either a fixed sum of money or may altogether or in part be governed by business done or profits made or otherwise determined by the Board and may be in addition to or in lieu of any fee payable to him for his services as Director pursuant to these Articles.

101. Pensions and other benefits

The Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to provide pensions or other retirement or superannuation benefits and to provide death or disability benefits or other allowances or gratuities (whether by insurance or otherwise) for or to institute and maintain any institution, association, society, club, trust, other establishment or profit sharing, share incentive, share purchase or employees'

share scheme calculated to advance the interests of the Company or to benefit any person who is or has at any time been a Director of the Company or any company which is a subsidiary company of or allied to or associated with the Company or any such subsidiary or any predecessor in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary and for any member of his family (including a spouse or former spouse) and any person who is or was dependent on him. For such purpose the Board may establish, maintain, subscribe and contribute to any scheme, institution, association, club, trust or fund and pay premiums and, subject to the provisions of the Act, lend money or make payments to, guarantee or give an indemnity in respect of, or give any financial or other assistance in connection with, any of the aforesaid matters or bodies. The Board may procure any of such matters to be done by the Company either alone or in conjunction with any other person. Any Director or former Director shall be entitled to receive and retain for his own benefit any pension or other benefit provided under this Article and shall not be obliged to account for it to the Company.

Q. Powers and duties of the Board

102. Powers of the Board

The management and control of the business of the Company shall be in and from the Isle of Man or such other place outside the United Kingdom as the Board may determine from time to time. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum of association of the Company and these Articles and to any directions given by special resolution of the Company, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Board, which may exercise all the powers of the Company whether relating to the management of the business or not. No alteration of the memorandum of association, or of these Articles and no such direction given by the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such alteration had not been made or such direction had not been given. Provisions contained elsewhere in these Articles as to any specific power of the Board shall not be deemed to limit the general powers given by this Article.

103. Powers of Directors being less than minimum number

If the number of Directors is less than the minimum for the time being prescribed by these Articles the remaining Director or Directors shall act only for the purposes of appointing an additional Director or Directors to make up such minimum or of convening a general meeting of the Company for the purpose of making such appointment. If there are no Director or Directors able or willing to act, any 2 members may summon a general meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, any additional Director so appointed shall hold office only until the dissolution of the annual general meeting of the Company next following such appointment unless he is re-elected during such meeting.

104. Powers of executive Directors

The Board may from time to time:

- (a) delegate or entrust to and confer on any Director holding executive office (including a Managing Director) such of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub- delegate) for such time on such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit; and
- (b) revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

105. Delegation to committees

105.1 *Constituting committees*

The Board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate) for such time on such terms and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit to any committee consisting of one or more Directors and (if thought fit) one or more other persons provided that:

- (a) a majority of the members of a committee shall be Directors;
- (b) no resolution of a committee shall be effective unless a majority of those present when it is passed are Directors or alternate Directors; and
- (c) any such committee shall only meet and exercise its powers, authorities and discretions from outside the United Kingdom-.

Any committee so formed may exercise its power to sub-delegate by sub-delegating to any person or persons (whether or not a member or members of the Board or of the Committee).

105.2 *Powers of committee*

The Board may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Board in that respect and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary any of such powers and discharge any such committee in whole or in part. Insofar as any power, authority or discretion is so delegated any reference in these Articles to the exercise by the Board of such power, authority or discretion shall be construed as if it were a reference to the exercise of such power, authority or discretion by such committee. Subject to any terms and conditions expressly imposed by the Board, the proceedings of a committee with 2 or more members shall be governed by such of these Articles as regulate the proceedings of the Board so far as they are capable of applying.

106. Local management

The Board may establish any local group or divisional boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality either in the Isle of Man or elsewhere and may appoint any persons to be members of such local or divisional board or any managers or agents, may fix their remuneration and remove any person so appointed. The Board may delegate to any local group or divisional board manager or agent so appointed any of its powers, authorities and discretions other than the power to borrow and make calls (with power to sub-delegate) and may authorise the members for the time being of any such local or divisional board or any of them to fill any vacancies and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made for such time on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit. The Board may confer such powers either collectively with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Board in that respect and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers. Subject to any terms and conditions expressly imposed by the Board, the proceedings of any local group or divisional board or agency with 2 or more members shall be governed by such of these Articles as regulate the proceedings of the Board so far as they are capable of applying.

107. Power of attorney

The Board may by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm, person or persons (including registrars) to be the agent or attorney of the Company and may delegate to any such agent or attorney or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, any of its powers, authorities and discretions (with power to sub-delegate), in each case for such purposes and for such time, on such terms (including as to remuneration) and

subject to such conditions as it thinks fit. The Board may confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Board in that respect and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary any of such powers. Any such appointment or power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such agent or attorney as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such agent or attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

108. Associate Directors

The Board may appoint any person (not being a Director) to any office or employment having a designation or title including the word "director" or attach to any existing office or employment with the Company such designation or title and may define, limit, vary or restrict the powers, authorities and discretions of persons so appointed and may terminate any such appointment subject to any contract between him and the Company or the use of such designation or title. The inclusion of the word "director" in the designation or title of any such office or employment shall not imply that such person is or is deemed to be or is empowered in any respect to act as a Director or a member of any committee of the Board of Directors for any of the purposes of the Act or these Articles.

109. Exercise of voting power

The Board may exercise or cause to be exercised the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company or any power of appointment to be exercised by the Company in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit (including the exercise of the voting power or power of appointment in favour of the appointment of any Director as a director or other officer or employee of such company or in favour of the payment of remuneration to the directors, officers or employees of such company).

110. Provision for employees

The Board may exercise any power conferred on the Company by the Act to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries in connection with the cessation or the transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary.

111. Overseas registers

Subject to the provisions of the Act and the Uncertificated Regulations, the Board may exercise the powers conferred on the Company with regard to the keeping of an overseas branch register and may make and vary such regulations as it thinks fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

112. Borrowing powers

112.1 Subject as herein provided and to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, to guarantee, to indemnify and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property, assets (present and future) and uncalled capital or any part or parts thereof and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of ———any third party.

112.2 The Directors shall restrict the borrowings of the Company and exercise all voting and other rights, powers of control or rights of influence exercisable by the Company in relation to its subsidiary undertakings (if any) so as to secure (so far, as regards subsidiary undertakings, as by such exercise they can secure) that the

aggregate amount for the time being remaining outstanding of all moneys borrowed by the Group and for the time being owing to persons outside the Group less the aggregate amount of Current Asset Investments shall not at any time without the previous sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company exceed (i) before the publication of the audited consolidated accounts of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2006, the sum of £1million and (ii) thereafter an amount equal to two times the Adjusted Capital and Reserves.

112.3 For the purpose of this Article:

112.3.1 the "Group" means the Company and its subsidiary undertakings for the time being;

112.3.2 the "relevant balance sheet" means at any time the latest audited consolidated balance sheet dealing with the state of affairs of the Company and (with or without exceptions) its subsidiary undertakings provided that if in any case such balance sheet has been prepared on a basis not being in substance a historical cost basis then all such adjustments shall be made therein as in the opinion of the Auditors (such opinion to be conclusive and binding on all concerned) are appropriate to bring such balance sheet into line with the accounting bases and principles which were applied in relation to the last audited consolidated balance sheet of the Company which was prepared on an historical cost basis and "the relevant balance sheet" shall then be the balance sheet as so adjusted;

112.3.3 the "Adjusted Capital and Reserves" shall mean at any material time a sum equal to the aggregate, as shown by the relevant balance sheet, of the amount paid up on the issued or allotted share capital of the Company and the amount standing to the credit of the reserves (including the profit and loss account and any share premium account or capital redemption reserve) of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings included in the consolidation in the relevant balance sheet but after:

- (i) deducting therefrom any debit balance on profit and loss account or on any other reserve;
- (ii) excluding any amount included in such reserves but set aside for taxation (including deferred taxation) less any sums properly added back in respect of any such amount;
- (iii) making such adjustments as may be appropriate in respect of any variation in the amount of such paid up share capital and/or any such reserves (other than profit and loss account) subsequent to the date of the relevant balance sheet and so that for this purpose if any issue or proposed issue of shares by the Company for cash has been underwritten then such shares shall be deemed to have been issued and the amount (including any premium) of the subscription moneys payable in respect thereof (not being moneys payable later than six months after the date of allotment) shall to the extent so underwritten be deemed to have been paid up on the date when the issue of such shares was underwritten (or, if such underwriting was conditional, on the date when it became unconditional);

- (iv) making such adjustments as may be appropriate in respect of any distribution declared, recommended or made by the Company or its subsidiary undertakings (to the extent not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company) out of profits earned up to and including the date of the relevant balance sheet to the extent that such distribution is not provided for in such balance sheet;
- (v) making such adjustments as may be appropriate in respect of any variation in the interests of the Company in its subsidiary undertakings (including a variation whereby an undertaking becomes or ceases to be a subsidiary undertaking) since the date of the relevant balance sheet;
- (vi) if the calculation is required for the purposes of or in connection with a transaction under or in connection with which any undertaking is to become or cease to be a subsidiary undertaking of the Company, making all such adjustments as would be appropriate if such transaction had been carried into effect;
- (vii) excluding minority interests in subsidiary undertakings to the extent not already excluded;

112.3.4 "moneys borrowed" shall be deemed to include (to the extent that the same would not otherwise fall to be taken into account):

- (i) the amount of all debentures allotted or issued (whether or not for cash) by any member of the Group which are not for the time being beneficially owned by a company within the Group;
- (ii) the outstanding amount of acceptances (not being acceptances of trade bills in respect of the purchase or sale of goods in the ordinary course of trading) by any member of the Group or by any bank or accepting house under any acceptance credit opened on behalf of and in favour of any member of the Group;
- (iii) the nominal amount of any allotted or issued and paid up share capital (other than equity share capital) of any subsidiary undertaking which is a body corporate of the Company not for the time being beneficially owned by other members of the Group;
- (iv) the amount of any other allotted or issued and paid up share capital and of any other debentures or other borrowed moneys (not being shares or debentures which or borrowed moneys the indebtedness in respect of which is for the time being beneficially owned within the Group) the redemption or repayment whereof is guaranteed (or is the subject of an indemnity granted) by any member of the Group or which any member of the Group may be required to purchase;
- (v) the minority proportion of moneys borrowed and owing to a partly-owned subsidiary undertaking by another member of the Group;
- (vi) the aggregate amount owing by any member of the Group under finance leases (as determined in accordance with any then current Financial Reporting Standard or otherwise in accordance with United Kingdom generally accepted accounting principles but excluding

leaseholds of immovable property);

- (vii) the principal amount of any book debts of any member of the Group which have been sold or agreed to be sold, to the extent that any member of the Group is for the time being liable to indemnify or reimburse the purchaser in respect of any non-payment in respect of such book debts;
- (viii) any part of the purchase price of any movable or immovable assets acquired by any member of the Group, the payment of which is deferred beyond the date of completion of the conveyance, assignment or transfer of the legal estate to such assets or, if no such conveyance, assignment or transfer is to take place within six months after the date on which the contract for such purchase is entered into or (if later) becomes unconditional, beyond that date;

but shall be deemed not to include:

- (ix) moneys borrowed by any member of the Group for the purpose of repaying, redeeming or purchasing (with or without premium) in whole or in part any other borrowed moneys falling to be taken into account and intended to be applied for such purpose within six months after the borrowing thereof pending the application for such purpose or, if earlier, the end of such period;
- (x) any amounts borrowed by any member of the Group from bankers or others for the purpose of financing any contract up to an amount not exceeding that part of the price receivable under such contract which is guaranteed or insured by the Export Credits Guarantee Department or other like institution carrying on a similar business;
- (xi) the minority proportion of moneys borrowed by a partly-owned subsidiary undertaking and not owing to another member of the Group;

and so that:

- (xii) no amount shall be taken into account more than once in the same calculation but subject thereto (i) to (xi) above shall be read cumulatively; and
- (xiii) in determining the amount of any debentures or other moneys borrowed or of any share capital for the purpose of this paragraph 112.3.4 there shall be taken into account the nominal or principal amount thereof (or, in the case of partly-paid debentures or shares, the amount for the time being paid up thereon) together with any fixed or minimum premium payable on final redemption or repayment Provided that if moneys are borrowed or shares are issued on terms that they may be repayable or redeemable (or that any member of the Group may be required to purchase them) earlier than their final maturity date (whether by exercise of an option on the part of the issuer or the creditor (or a trustee for the creditor) or the shareholder, by reason of a default or for any other reason) at a premium or discount to their nominal or principal amount then there

shall be taken into account the amount (or the greater or greatest of two or more alternative amounts) which would, if those circumstances occurred, be payable on such repayment redemption or purchase at the date as at which the calculation is being made;

112.3.5 in relation to a partly-owned subsidiary undertaking the "minority proportion" is a proportion equal to the proportion of its issued equity share capital which is not attributable to the Company;

112.3.6 "Current Asset Investments" means the aggregate of:

- (i) cash in hand of the Group;
- (ii) sums standing to the credit of any current or other account of any member of the Group with banks in the Isle of Man or elsewhere to the extent that remittance of the same to the Isle of Man is not prohibited by any law, regulation, treaty or official directive or, where remittance of the same to the Isle of Man is so prohibited, to the extent that the same may be set off against or act as security for any moneys borrowed by such member;
- (iii) the amount of such assets as would be included in "Current Assets - Investments" in a consolidated balance sheet of the Group prepared as at the date of the relevant calculation in accordance with the principles used in the preparation of the relevant balance sheet;

less:

- (iv) in the case of a partly-owned subsidiary undertaking, a proportion thereof equal to the minority proportion; and
- (v) an amount equal to any amount excluded from paragraph 112.3.4 by virtue of sub-paragraph 112.3.4(ix).

112.4 For the purposes of the foregoing paragraphs borrowed moneys expressed in or calculated by reference to a currency other than sterling shall be converted into sterling at the relevant rate of exchange used for the purposes of the relevant balance sheet save that moneys borrowed (or first brought into account for the purposes of this Article) since the date of such balance sheet shall be converted at the rate of exchange or approximate rate of exchange (determined on such basis as the Auditors may determine or approve) ruling on the date on which such moneys are borrowed (or first taken into account as aforesaid): provided that in the case of any bank overdraft or other borrowing of a fluctuating amount (together herein described as an "Overdraft Account") the following further provisions shall apply:

112.4.1 if the amount outstanding on an Overdraft Account on a date as at which a calculation is being made for the purpose of the foregoing limit is not more than the amount outstanding on such Overdraft Account at the date of the relevant balance sheet, the whole of such amount shall be converted at the rate of exchange used for the purpose of such balance sheet;

112.4.2 if the amount outstanding on an Overdraft Account on a date as at which the calculation is being made for such purpose exceeds the amount which was outstanding on the same Overdraft Account at the date of the relevant balance sheet (or if the latter amount is nil), an amount equal to the excess shall be converted at the rate of exchange or approximate rate of exchange (determined on such basis as the Auditors may determine or approve) on the

last business day preceding the date as on which the calculation is being made for such purpose and the balance shall be converted at the rate of exchange used for the purpose of the said balance sheet.

112.5 The determination of the Auditors as to the amount of the Adjusted Capital and Reserves at any time shall be conclusive and binding on all concerned. Nevertheless the Directors may act in reliance on a bona fide estimate of the amount of the Adjusted Capital and Reserves at any time and if in consequence the limit hereinbefore contained is inadvertently exceeded an amount of borrowed moneys equal to the excess may be disregarded until the expiration of three months after the date on which by reason of a determination of the Auditors or otherwise the Directors became aware that such a situation has or may have arisen.

112.6 No person dealing with the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings shall be concerned to see or enquire whether the said limit is observed and no debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the lender or the recipient of the security had, at the time when the debt was incurred or security given, express notice that the said limit had been or would thereby be exceeded.

R. Proceedings of Directors and Committees

113. Board meetings

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Board may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit. No Board meetings shall take place in the United Kingdom and any decision reached or resolution passed by the Directors at any meeting taking place in the United Kingdom shall be invalid and of no effect.

114. Notice of Board meetings

One Director may and the Secretary at the request of a Director shall summon a Board meeting at any time. Notice of a Board meeting shall be deemed to be properly given to a Director if it is given to him (by post or by Electronic Communication) personally or by word of mouth or by telephone or sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address (whether a physical address or Electronic Communication address) given by him to the Company for this purpose. A Director may waive the requirement that notice be given to him of any Board meeting either prospectively or retrospectively. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a Board meeting to a Director who is absent from the British Isles unless he has requested the Board in writing that notices of Board meetings shall during his absence be given to him at any address in the British Isles notified to the Company for this purpose or by an Electronic Communication address notified to the Company for this purpose or by telephone at any address outside the British Isles where he has notified the Company of the relevant telephone number for such purpose but he shall not in such event be entitled to a longer period of notice than if he had been present in the British Isles.

115. Quorum

The quorum necessary for the transaction of business may be determined by the Board and until otherwise determined shall be 2 persons, each being a Director or an alternate Director. A person who holds office only as an alternate Director shall only be counted in the quorum if his appointor is not present. A Director or other person who is present at a meeting of the Board in more than one capacity (that is to say as both Director and an alternate Director or as an alternate for more than

one Director) shall not be counted as 2 or more for these purposes unless at least one other Director or alternate Director is also present. A duly convened meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board. Any Director who ceases to be a Director at a meeting of the Directors may continue to be present and to act as a Director and be counted in the quorum until the termination of the meeting of the Directors if no Director objects and if otherwise a quorum of Directors would not be present.

116. Chairman of Board and other offices

116.1 *Appointment of Chairman*

The Board shall appoint any Chairman, joint Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Board and shall determine the period for which he is or they are to hold office and may at any time remove him or them from office. If no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman is elected or if at any meeting neither a Chairman nor a Deputy Chairman is present within five minutes of the time appointed for holding it, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. In the event of 2 or more Joint Chairmen or in the absence of a Chairman, two or more Deputy Chairmen being present, the Joint Chairman or Deputy Chairman to act as Chairman of the meeting shall be decided by those Directors present. Any Chairman or Deputy Chairman may also hold executive office under the Company.

116.2 *Chief Executive*

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may appoint one or more of their number to any office or employment under the Company (including, but without limitation, that of Chief Executive, Managing Director or Joint Managing Director but not including that of auditor), and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any Director for his employment by the Company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director and may also permit any person appointed to be a Director to continue in any office or employment held by him before he was so appointed. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made for such period (subject to Article 116.4 (Limitation on appointments)) and upon such terms as the Directors determine.

116.3 *Delegation of powers*

Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing the Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Director holding any such office or employment any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors with power to sub-delegate upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, authorities and discretions, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of the revocation or variation shall be affected by it.

116.4 *Limitation on appointments*

The Directors may appoint one of the number to be both Chairman and Chief Executive or Managing Director at the same time, provided that such appointment is limited to a period not exceeding one year from the date of the appointment, after which such appointment shall lapse unless the Board has resolved prior to the expiry of this period of combined office to reappoint the holder of such combined office for a further period not exceeding one year.

116.5 *Removal from position*

The Directors may also (without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any agreement between the Director and the Company) remove a Director from any such office and appoint another in his place.

116.6 *Cessation of position on ceasing to be a director*

A Director appointed to the office of Chairman, Deputy Chairman, Managing Director, Chief Executive or any other executive office shall automatically and immediately cease to hold that office if he ceases to hold the office of Director from any cause, but he shall not (unless any agreement between him and the Company shall otherwise provide) cease to hold his office as a Director by reason only of his ceasing to be Chairman, Deputy Chairman, Managing Director, Chief Executive of the Company or to hold any other such executive office, as the case may be.

117. Voting

Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman of that meeting shall have a second or casting vote. A Director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote and an alternate director who is appointed by 2 or more Directors shall be entitled to a separate vote on behalf of each of his appointors, in their absence.

118. Participation by telephone and electronic mail

Any Director or his alternate may validly participate in a meeting of the Board or a committee of the Board through the medium of conference telephone or ~~e~~Electronic ~~mail~~Communication or similar form of communication equipment provided that all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout such meeting or are able to receive communications from each of the other Directors participating in the meeting. A person so participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall accordingly be counted in a quorum and be entitled to vote. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or if there is no group which is larger than any other group where the Chairman of the meeting then is, but in no event shall any meeting take place or be deemed to take place in the United Kingdom. Subject to the Act and these Articles, all business transacted in such manner by the Board or a committee of the Board shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed to be validly and effectively transacted at a meeting of the Board or a committee of the Board notwithstanding that 2 or fewer than 2 Directors or alternate Directors are physically present at the same place.

119. Resolution in writing

A resolution in writing executed by all the Directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a Board meeting and not being less than a quorum or by all the members of a committee of the Board for the time entitled to receive notice of such committee meeting and not being less than a quorum of that committee shall be as valid and effective for all purposes as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Board (or committee as the case may be). Such a resolution:

- (a) may consist of several documents in the same form each executed by one or more of the Directors or members of the relevant committee, including executions evidenced by means of facsimile transmission;
- (b) need not be signed by an alternate Director if it is signed by the Director who appointed him; and

(c) if signed by an alternate Director need not also be signed by his appointor.

For such a resolution to be effective it shall not be necessary for it to be signed by a Director who is prohibited by these Articles from voting thereon or by his alternate.

120. Minutes of proceedings

120.1 *Contents of minutes*

The Board shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose of recording all orders, resolutions and proceedings of every meeting of the Board, of a committee of the Board, of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares or debentures of the Company including:

- (a) all appointments of officers and committees made by the Board and of any such officer's salary or remuneration; and
- (b) the names of Directors present at every such meeting.

120.2 *Evidence of proceedings*

Any such minutes if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting or the Secretary, shall be prima facie evidence of the matters stated in such minutes without any further proof.

121. Validity of proceedings

All acts done by a meeting of the Board or of any committee of the local board or agency or by any person acting as a Director, alternate Director or member of a committee, local board or agency shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any person or persons acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were or was disqualified from holding office or not entitled to vote or had in any way vacated their or his office or that the delegation to such committee, local board or agency had been annulled, varied or revoked, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was duly qualified and had continued to be a Director alternate Director or member and had been entitled to vote or as if the delegation had continued in full force and effect.

S. Directors' interests

122. Director may have interests

Subject to the provisions of section 148 of the Principal Act and provided that Article 123 (Disclosure of interests to Board) is complied with, a Director, notwithstanding his office:

- (a) may be a party to or otherwise be interested in any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested, either in regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise;
- (b) may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (except that of Auditor or of auditor of a subsidiary of the Company) in conjunction with the office of Director and may act by itself or through his firm in a professional capacity for the Company and in any such case on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the remuneration committee may arrange either in addition to or in lieu of any remuneration provided for by any other Article;
- (c) may be a member of or a director or other officer, or employed by, or a

party to any transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by or promoting the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested or as regards which the Company has any powers of appointment; and

- (d) shall not, by reason of his office, be liable to account to the Company for any dividend, profit, remuneration, superannuation payment or other benefit which he derives from any such office, employment, contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal or from any interest in any such body corporate; and no such contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal shall be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit.

123. Disclosure of interests to Board

123.1 *Notification of interest*

A Director who to his knowledge is in any way (directly or indirectly) interested in any contract arrangement, transaction or proposal with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal is first considered if he knows his interest then exists or, in any other case, at the first meeting of the Board after he knows that he is or has become so interested.

123.2 *Adequacy of notice*

For the purposes of this Article:

- (a) a general notice given to the Board by a Director that he is to be regarded as having an interest (of the nature and extent specified in the notice) in any contract, transaction, arrangement or proposal in which a specified firm, company, person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure under this Article in relation to such contract, transaction, arrangement or proposal of the nature and extent thereof as so specified provided that no such notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Directors or the Director takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next meeting of the Directors after it is given; and
- (b) an interest of which a Director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

124. Interested Director not to vote or count for quorum

Save as provided in this Article, a Director shall not vote on or be counted in the quorum in relation to any resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board concerning any contract, arrangement, transaction or any proposal whatsoever to which the Company is or is to be a party and in which he has (directly or indirectly) an interest which is material (other than by virtue of his interests in shares or debentures or other securities of, or otherwise in or through the Company) or a duty which conflicts with the interests of the Company unless his duty or interest arises only because the resolution relates to one of the matters set out in the following sub-paragraphs in which case he shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum:

- (a) the giving to him of any guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of money lent or obligations incurred by him at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (b) the giving to a third party of any guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for

which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part either alone or jointly with others, under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;

- (c) where the Company or any of its subsidiaries is offering securities in which offer the Director is or may be entitled to participate as a holder of securities or in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of which the Director is to participate;
- (d) relating to another company in which he and any persons connected with him do not to his knowledge hold an interest in shares (as that term is used in sections ~~198-252~~ to ~~211-254~~ of the UK Act) representing one per cent or more of either any class of the equity share capital (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares held as treasury shares), or the voting rights, in such company;
- (e) relating to an arrangement for the benefit of the employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries which does not award him any privilege or benefit not generally awarded to the employees to whom such arrangement relates; or
- (f) concerning insurance which the Company proposes to maintain or purchase for the benefit of Directors or for the benefit of persons including Directors.

An interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the Act (excluding any such modification thereof not in force when these Articles became binding on the Company), connected with a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director and, in relation to an alternate Director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate Director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate Director otherwise has.

125. Director's interest in own appointment

A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board or committee of the Board concerning his own appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of his appointment or its termination) as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment or termination) of 2 or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any company in which the Company is interested, such proposals may be divided and a separate resolution considered in relation to each Director. In such case each of the Directors concerned (if not otherwise debarred from voting under these Articles) shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

126. Chairman's ruling conclusive on Director's interest

If any question arises at any meeting of the Board or any committee of the Board as to the materiality of a Director's interest (other than the Chairman's interest) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than the Chairman) to vote or be counted in a quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or being counted in the quorum such question (unless the Director concerned is the Chairman in which case Article 127 (Director's resolution conclusive on Chairman's interest) shall apply) shall before the conclusion of the meeting be referred to the Chairman of the meeting. The Chairman's ruling in relation to the Director concerned shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director has not been fairly disclosed and provided that any such question shall, for the purposes of disclosure

of such interests in the accounts of the company, be finally and conclusively decided by a majority of the Directors (other than the Director concerned).

127. Directors' resolution conclusive on Chairman's interest

If any question arises at any meeting of the Board or any committee of the Board as to the materiality of the Chairman's interest or as to the entitlement of the Chairman to vote or be counted in a quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or being counted in the quorum, such question shall before the conclusion of the meeting be decided by resolution of the Directors or committee members present at the meeting (excluding the Chairman) whose majority vote shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director has not been fairly disclosed and provided that any such question shall, for the purposes of disclosure of such interests in the accounts of the company, be finally and conclusively decided by a majority of the Directors (other than the Director concerned).

128. Exercise by Company of voting powers

The Board may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares in any company held or owned by the Company in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them directors of such company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors of such company).

T. The Seal

129. Application of Seal

129.1 *Use of seal*

The Seal shall be used only by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board so authorised. The Board may determine whether any instrument to which the Seal is affixed shall be signed and if it is to be signed who shall sign it. Unless otherwise so determined:

- (a) share certificates and, subject to the provisions of any instrument constituting them, certificates issued under the Seal in respect of any debentures or other securities but excluding letters of allotment or scrip certificates shall be executed by the Board but the Board may by resolution determine that any signatures may be affixed to or printed (including by means of a facsimile of the signature of any person to be applied by any mechanical or electronic means in place of that person's actual signature) on any such certificate by any means approved by the Board or that such certificates need not bear any signature; and
- (b) every other instrument to which the Seal is affixed shall be signed by a Director and the Secretary or by 2 Directors or by any other person appointed by the Board for the purpose.

129.2 *Certificates and share warrants*

Every certificate or share warrant shall be issued under the Seal or in such other manner as the Board having regard to the terms of issue, the Act and the regulations applicable to the securities list(s) and recognised investment exchange(s) to which the shares of the Company are admitted. All references in these Articles to the Seal shall be construed accordingly.

130. Deed without sealing

A document signed by a Director and by the Secretary or by two Directors and

expressed (in whatever form of words) to be executed by the Company as a deed shall have the same effect as if it were executed under the Seal, provided that no instrument shall be so signed which makes it clear on its face that it is intended by the person or persons making it not to have effect as a deed without the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised in that behalf. An instrument or document which is executed by the Company as a deed shall not be deemed to be delivered by the Company solely as a result of it having been executed by the Company.

131. Official seal for use abroad

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may have an official seal for use in any place abroad and the Company may by an instrument executed by the Company appoint any agent or committee abroad to be the duly authorised agent or committee of the Company for the purpose of affixing and using such official seal or any seal kept by the Company, and may impose such restrictions on the use thereon as it may think fit.

U. Secretary

132. The Secretary

132.1 *Board's power of appointment*

Subject to the provisions of section 19 of the Companies Act 1982, the Board shall appoint a Secretary or joint secretaries and shall have power to appoint one or more persons to be an assistant or deputy secretary at such remuneration and on such terms and conditions as it thinks fit and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of services between him and the Company.

132.2 *Limitations on person who may be appointed a secretary*

No person shall be appointed to hold office as Secretary who is:

- (a) the sole Director of the Company; or
- (b) not a natural person; or
- (c) resident in the United Kingdom.

132.3 *Limitations where a director is also a secretary*

Any provision of the Act or of these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as or in place of the Secretary.

V. Dividends and other payments

133. Declaration of dividends

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare that out of profits available for distribution in accordance with Isle of Man law dividends be paid to members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits of the Company available for distribution. However, no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

134. Interim dividends

The Board may declare and pay such interim dividends (including any dividend payable at a fixed rate) as appear to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution in accordance with Isle of Man law and the position of the Company. If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends on shares

which rank after shares conferring preferential rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares conferring preferential rights unless at the time of payment any preferential dividend is in arrears. Provided that the Board acts in good faith it shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferential rights for any loss that they may suffer in consequence of the declaration or by the lawful payment of any interim dividend on any shares ranking after those with preferential rights.

135. Entitlement to dividends

135.1 *Accrual of dividends*

Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up (otherwise than in advance of calls) on the shares on which the dividend is paid. Subject as aforesaid, all dividends shall be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date or be entitled to dividends declared after a particular date it shall rank for or be entitled to dividends accordingly.

135.2 *Payment of dividends*

All dividends and interest shall be paid (subject to any lien of the Company) to those members whose names shall be on the register at the date at which such dividend shall be declared or at the date at which such interest shall be payable respectively, or at such other date as the Company by ordinary resolution or the Board may determine, notwithstanding any subsequent transfer or transmission of shares.

135.3 *Shares passing by transmission*

The Board may pay the dividends or interest payable on shares in respect of which any person is by transmission entitled to be registered as holder to such person upon production of such certificate and evidence as would be required if such person desired to be registered as a member in respect of such shares.

136. Calls or debts may be deducted from dividends

The Board may deduct from any dividend or other money payable to any member on or in respect of a share all such sums as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

137. Distribution in specie

The Company in general meeting may, on the recommendation of the Board, by ordinary resolution direct that payment of any dividend declared may be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets, and in particular, of fully paid up shares or debentures of any other company or in any one or more of such ways. Where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution the Board may settle it as it thinks fit. In particular, the Board may:

- (a) issue fractional certificates or authorise any person to sell and transfer any fractions or disregard fractions altogether;
- (b) fix the value for distribution of such assets or any part of them and determine that cash payments may be made to any members on the footing of the value so fixed, in order to adjust the rights of members; and
- (c) vest any such assets in trustees on trust for the persons entitled to the dividend.

138. Dividends not to bear interest

Unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share no dividend or other moneys payable by the Company or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.

139. Method of payment

139.1 *General provisions*

The Company may pay any dividend, interest or other sum payable in respect of a share in cash or by direct debit, bank transfer, cheque, dividend warrant or money order or by any other method, including by electronic means, as the Board may consider appropriate (or in respect of any uncertificated share through the Uncertificated System) and may send it by post or other delivery service (or by such means offered by the Company as the member or person entitled to it may agree in writing) to the registered address of the member or person entitled to it (or if 2 or more persons are holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the member or otherwise by operation of law to the registered address of such of those persons as is first named in the Register) or to such person and such address as such member or person or persons may direct in writing. Every cheque, warrant, ~~or~~ order or other form of payment is sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented by it and shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or, where an authority in that behalf shall have been received by the Company in such form as the Company shall consider sufficient, to such other person as the person or persons entitled may direct in writing. Payment of the cheque, warrant, ~~or~~ order or other form of payment to the person entitled or the person specified in such authority shall be a good discharge to the Company. If any such cheque, warrant, ~~or~~ order or other form of payment has or shall be alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed the Board may at the request of the person entitled to it issue a replacement cheque, warrant, ~~or~~ order or other form of payment, subject to compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out of pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the Board may think fit. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share may give an effective receipt for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of such share. Any such dividend, interest or other sum may also be paid by any other method as the Board considers appropriate. If the payment is made on behalf of the Company through the Uncertificated System the Company shall not be responsible for any default in accounting for such payment to the member or other person entitled to such payment by a bank or other financial intermediary of which the member or other person is a customer for settlement purposes in connection with the Uncertificated System.

139.2 *Payment in currencies other than sterling*

The Board may, at its discretion, make provisions to enable such member as the Board shall from time to time determine to receive dividends duly declared in a currency or currencies other than sterling. For the purposes of the calculation of the amount receivable in respect of any dividend, the rate of exchange to be used to determine the foreign currency equivalent of any sum payable as a dividend shall be such market rate selected by the Board as it shall consider appropriate at the close of business in London on the ~~R~~record Ddate, ~~save that in respect of the Final Dividend for the year to 30 June 2008 such market rate as the Board shall select on the date of the 2008 Annual General Meeting Payments through the uncertificated system.~~

139.3 *Payments through the uncertificated system*

The Board may:

- (a) lay down procedures for making any payments in respect of uncertificated shares through the Uncertificated System;
- (b) allow any holder of uncertificated shares to elect to receive or not to receive any such payment through the Uncertificated System; and
- (c) lay down procedures to enable any such holder to make, vary or revoke any such election;

The Company may make, or procure the making of, any payment in respect of a member's uncertificated shares through the Uncertificated System in accordance with any authority given to the Company to do so (whether in writing, through the Uncertificated System or otherwise) by or on behalf of the member in a form satisfactory to the Board. The making of such payment in accordance with such authority shall be a good discharge to the Company.

140. Uncashed dividends

If cheques, warrants or orders for dividends or other sums payable in respect of a share sent by the Company to the person entitled thereto by post are returned to the Company undelivered or left uncashed on 2 consecutive occasions the Company shall not be obliged to send any further dividends or other moneys payable in respect of that share due to that person until he notifies the Company of an address to be used for the purpose.

141. Unclaimed dividends

All dividends, interest or other sum payable and unclaimed for 12 months after having become payable may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends unclaimed for a period of 12 years after having become due for payment shall (if the Board so resolves) be forfeited and shall revert to the Company.

142. Waiver of dividends

The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document (whether or not under seal) shall be effective only if such document is signed by the shareholder (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy or mental disorder of the holder or otherwise by operation of law) and delivered to the Company and only if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Company.

143. Payment of scrip dividends

143.1 *Authority to pay scrip dividends*

The Board may with the prior authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company and subject to such conditions as the Board may determine, provided that the Company has sufficient unissued shares and undistributed profits or reserves to give effect to it, offer to any holders of Ordinary Shares the right to elect to receive Ordinary Shares credited as fully paid, in whole or in part instead of cash in respect of the whole or some part (to be determined by the Board) of any dividend specified by the ordinary resolution. The following provisions shall apply:

- (a) the said resolution may specify a particular dividend, or may specify all or any dividends declared within a specified period or periods but such period may not end later than the beginning of the fifth annual general meeting following the date of the meeting at which such resolution is passed;

- (b) the entitlement of each holder of Ordinary Shares to new Ordinary Shares shall be such that the relevant value of the entitlement shall, unless the Board otherwise determines, be as nearly as possible equal to the cash amount (disregarding any tax credit) of the dividend that such holder would have received by way of dividend. For this purpose "relevant value" shall be calculated by reference to the average of the middle market quotations for the Ordinary Shares on the London Stock Exchange for the day on which the Ordinary Shares are first quoted "ex" the relevant dividend and the four subsequent dealing days, or in such other manner as the Board may determine on such basis as it considers to be fair and reasonable. A certificate or report by the Auditors as to the amount of the relevant value in respect of any dividend shall be conclusive evidence of that amount and in giving such a certificate or report the Auditors may rely on advice or information from such brokers or other sources of information as they think fit;
- (c) no fractions of a share shall be allotted and the Directors may make such provision as they think fit for dealing with the case of shares otherwise becoming distributable in fractions including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, the benefit of the fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned;
- (d) the Directors may specify a minimum number of Ordinary Shares in respect of which the right of election may be exercised;
- (e) the Board shall, after determining the basis of allotment, notify the holders of Ordinary Shares in writing of the right of election offered to them and specify the procedure to be followed and place at which and the latest time by which (being at least 21 clear days after the despatch of the notice) elections must be lodged in order to be effective. A form of election lodged in respect of a particular dividend in relation to which the Directors have announced their intention to offer elections may not be revoked as regards the said dividend unless prior to the latest time specified by the Directors for lodgement of elections in respect of the said dividend written notice of revocation is lodged at the place specified by the Directors as aforesaid;
- (f) the Board may exclude from any offer or impose any restrictions on any holders of Ordinary Shares or any Ordinary Shares on which dividends are payable in foreign currency as they think necessary or desirable where the Board considers that the making of the offer to them or in respect of such shares would or might involve the contravention of the laws of any territory or that such exclusions or restrictions are necessary or expedient;
- (g) the Board may determine that every duly effected election in respect of any Ordinary Shares shall be binding on every successor in title to their holder;
- (h) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been offered) shall not be payable on Ordinary Shares in respect of which an election has been duly made ("the elected Ordinary Shares") and instead additional Ordinary Shares shall be allotted to the holders of the elected Ordinary Shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid. For such purpose the Board may capitalise out of any amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve or fund (including any share premium account or capital redemption reserve) or of any of the profits which could otherwise have been applied in paying dividends in cash as the Board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the additional Ordinary Shares to be allotted on that basis and apply it in

paying up in full the appropriate number of unissued Ordinary Shares for allotment and distribution to the holders of the elected Ordinary Shares on that basis. A Board resolution capitalising any part of such reserve or fund or profits shall have the same effect as if such capitalisation had been declared by ordinary resolution of the Company in accordance with Article 145 (Capitalisation of reserves) and in relation to any such capitalisation the Board may exercise all the powers conferred on them by Article 145 (Capitalisation of reserves) without need of such ordinary resolution;

- (i) the additional Ordinary Shares so allotted shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with each other and with the fully paid Ordinary Shares in issue on the record date for the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been offered except that they will not rank for any dividend or other distribution or other entitlement (including the relevant dividend and the share election in lieu of such dividend) which has been declared, paid or made by reference to such record date or any earlier record date; and
- (j) the Board may terminate, suspend or amend any offer of the right to elect to receive Ordinary Shares in lieu of any cash dividend at any time (whether temporarily or otherwise) and shall not proceed with any election unless the Company has sufficient unissued shares authorised for issue and sufficient reserves or funds that may be capitalised to give effect to it after the basis of allotment is determined.

143.2 *Election mandates*

The Board may also from time to time establish or vary a procedure for election mandates, under which a holder of Ordinary Shares may elect to receive Ordinary Shares credited as fully paid instead of cash in respect of all or certain future rights offered to that holder under this Article until the election mandate is revoked in accordance with any such procedure.

143.3 *Admission of shares*

The Company shall apply to the relevant regulatory authority for the additional Ordinary Shares so allotted to be admitted to the recognised investment exchange(s) and securities list(s) to which the Company's existing issued Ordinary Shares are admitted.

143.4 *Director's powers*

The Directors shall have power to do all acts and things as they consider necessary or expedient to give effect to this Article.

144. Reserves

The Board may, before recommending any dividend (whether preferential or otherwise) carry to reserves out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit. All sums standing to reserves may be applied from time to time, at the discretion of the Board, for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments as the Board thinks fit and so that it shall not be necessary to keep any investment constituting the reserve separate or distinct from any other investment of the Company. The Board may divide the reserve into such special funds as it thinks fit and may consolidate into one fund any special fund or any part of any special fund into which the reserve may have been divided as it thinks fit. Any sum which the Board may carry to reserve out of the unrealised profit of the Company shall not be mixed with any reserve to which profits available for distribution have been carried. The Board may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profit which it

may think prudent not to distribute.

145. Capitalisation of reserves

The Board may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company:

- (a) subject as provided in this Article, resolve to capitalise any profits of the Company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of any reserve or fund of the Company which is available for distribution or standing to the credit of share premium account or capital redemption reserve or other undistributable reserve;
- (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised on the date specified in the resolution to the holders of Ordinary Shares in proportion to the nominal amount of the shares (whether or not fully paid) held by them respectively which would entitle them to participate in a distribution of that sum if the shares were fully paid and the sum were then distributable and were distributed by way of dividend and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amount, if any, for the time being unpaid on any share held by them respectively or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to that sum and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those holders of Ordinary Shares or as they may direct in those proportions or partly in one way and partly in the other provided that:
 - (i) the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, any other undistributable reserve and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this Article, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to holders of Ordinary Shares credited as fully paid; and
 - (ii) in a case where any sum is applied in paying amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares of the Company or in paying up in full debentures of the Company, the amount of the net assets of the Company at that time is not less than the aggregate of the called up share capital of the Company and its undistributable reserves as shown in the latest audited accounts of the Company or such other accounts as may be relevant and would not be reduced below that aggregate by the payment of it;
- (c) resolve that any shares so allotted to any member in respect of a holding by him of any partly paid shares shall, so long as such shares remain partly paid, rank for dividends only to the extent that such partly paid shares rank for dividends;
- (d) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates (or by ignoring fractions or by accruing the benefit of it to the Company rather than to the holders of Ordinary Shares concerned) or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions;
- (e) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the holders of Ordinary Shares concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for either:
 - (i) the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any shares or debentures to which they may be entitled on such capitalisation; or
 - (ii) the payment up by the Company on behalf of such holders by the

application to it of their respective proportions of the reserves or profits resolved to be capitalised of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares

(any agreement made under such authority being effective and binding on all such holders); and

- (f) generally do all acts and things required to give effect to such resolution.

146. Record dates

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles but subject always to the Act and without prejudice to the rights attached to any shares, the Company or the Board may:

- (a) fix any date (the "record date") as the date at the close of business (or such other time as the Board may determine) as the record date for any dividend, distribution, interest, allotment or issue, which may be on or at any time before or after any date on which the dividend, distribution, interest, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made;
- (b) for the purpose of determining which persons are entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting of the Company, or a separate general meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the Company, and how many votes such persons may cast, specify in the notice of meeting a time, not more than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting, by which a person must be entered on the register in order to have the right to attend or vote at the meeting; changes to the register after the time specified by virtue of this Article 146 shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend or vote at the meeting;
- (c) for the purpose of sending notices of general meetings of the Company, or separate general meetings of the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the Company, under these Articles, determine that persons entitled to receive such notices are those persons entered on the register at the close of business on a day determined by the Company or the Board, which day may not be more than 21 days before the day that notices of the meeting are sent; and
- (d) for the purpose of sending any notices (other than notices of general meetings of the Company or separate general meetings of the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the Company as set out in article 146(c) above), information document or circular ("Notices") may determine that persons entitled to receive such notices are those persons entered on the register at the close of business on a date determined by the Company or the Board. Such date may be at any time with 6 months before any date on which such Notice is given, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of the same of transfers and transferees of any holders of shares or securities.

W. Accounts

147. Accounting records

The Board shall cause accounting records to be kept in accordance with the Act and shall keep such other books and registers as are necessary to comply with the Act.

148. Inspection of records

The accounting records shall be kept at the Office or (subject to the Act) at such

other place in the Isle of Man as the Board thinks fit. No member (other than a Director) shall have any right to inspect any accounting record or other document of the Company unless he is authorised to do so by statute, by order of the Court, by the Board or by ordinary resolution of the Company. Such records shall always be open for inspection by officers of the Company.

149. Accounts to be sent to members

A ~~printed~~ copy of the Directors' and Auditors' reports accompanied by ~~printed~~ copies of the annual accounts (including every document required by law to be comprised in them or annexed or attached to them) shall not less than 21 clear days before the meeting before which they are to be laid, be ~~delivered sent or sent by post~~ to every member and holder of debentures of the Company and to the Auditors and to every other person who is entitled to receive notice of general meetings. However, this Article shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person who under the provisions of these Articles is not entitled to receive notices from the Company or of whose address the Company is unaware or to any holder of debentures of whose address the Company is unaware or to more than one of the joint holders of any shares or debentures. Any member to whom such documents are sent shall be entitled to receive a further copy, free of charge, on application at the ~~e~~Office. If all or any of the shares in or debentures of the Company are listed or dealt in on any stock exchange, there shall at the same time be forwarded to the secretary of that stock exchange such number of copies of each of those documents as the regulations of that stock exchange may require.

X. Destruction and authentication of documents

150. Destruction of documents

150.1 *Documents which may be destroyed*

Subject to the Act, the Company may destroy:

- (a) any instrument of transfer after 6 years from the date on which it is registered;
- (b) any dividend mandate or any variation or cancellation thereof or any notification of change of name or address after 2 years from the date on which it is recorded;
- (c) any registered certificate for debentures or representing any other form of securities after one year from the date on which it is cancelled;
- (d) any other document on the basis of which any entry in the Register is made after 6 years from the date on which an entry was first made in the Register in respect of it;
- (e) all paid dividend warrants and cheques at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of actual payment thereof; and
- (f) all instruments of proxy which have been used for the purpose of a poll at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of such use and all instruments of proxy which have not been used for the purpose of a poll at any time after one month from the end of the meeting to which the instrument of proxy relates and at which no poll was demanded.

Provided that the Company may destroy any such type of document after such shorter period as the Board may determine if a copy of such document is retained ~~on microfilm~~electronically or other similar means which shall not be destroyed before the expiration of the relevant period and provided that adequate precautions against falsification and to share reproduction are taken.

150.2 *Presumption in respect of destroyed documents*

It shall be conclusively presumed in favour of the Company that every entry in the Register purporting to have been made on the basis of a document so destroyed

was duly and properly made, that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was duly registered, that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly cancelled, that every other document so destroyed had been properly dealt with in accordance with its terms and was valid and effective in accordance with the particulars in the records of the Company, provided that:

- (a) this Article 150 shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties to it) to which the document might be relevant;
- (b) nothing in this Article 150 shall be construed as imposing on the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document or otherwise than as provided for in this Article 150 which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article 150; and
- (c) references in this Article 150 to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal of it in any manner.

151. Authentication of documents

Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company and to certify copies of them or extracts from them as true copies or extracts and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Office, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody of them shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company in reliance on them that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

Y. Notices

152. Notice to be in writing

Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Articles shall be in writing (except that a notice convening a Board meeting need not be in writing) ~~or shall be given using Electronic Communication to an address for the time being notified for that purpose to the person giving the notice.~~ Nothing in Articles 152 to 158 (Notices) shall affect any requirements of the Act that any particular offer, notice or other document be served in any particular manner.

In this Part Y of these Articles, "address" in relation to Electronic Communications includes any number, electronic mail address or other address used for the purposes of such communications

153. Service of notice on members

153.1 *Method of service*

The Company may give any notice or document (including a share certificate) to a member, either:

- (a) Personally; ~~or~~
- (b) by sending it by post or other delivery service in a first-class prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. In the case of a member registered on an overseas branch

register any such notice or document may be posted either in the British Isles or in the territory in which such branch register is maintained;

- (c) through an Uncertificated System, where the notice or document relates to Participating Securities;
- (d) by Electronic Communication to an address notified by the member to the Company for that purpose;
- (e) by making it available on a website and notifying the member of its availability in accordance with this Article; or
- (f) by any other means authorised in writing by the member.

~~— In the case of a member registered on an overseas branch register any such notice or document may be posted either in the British Isles or in the territory in which such branch register is maintained. The Company may give any notice or document to any member by using Electronic Communication to an address for the time being notified to the Company by the member.~~

153.2 *Joint holders*

In the case of joint holders of a share all notices or documents shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the joint holding. Notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.

153.3 *Members outside the British Isles*

Where a member (or in the case of joint holders the person first named in the Register) has a registered address outside the British Isles but has notified the Company of an address within the British Isles at which notices or other documents may be given to him or an address to which notices may be sent using Electronic Communication, he shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice or document from the Company.

153.4 *Record date*

Any notice to be given to a member may be given by reference to the register as it stands at any time within the period of 15 days before the notice is given (subject to the Uncertificated Regulations if the Company is then a participating issuer for the purposes of the Uncertificated Regulations) and no change in the Register after that time shall invalidate the giving of the notice.

154. Notice in case of death, bankruptcy or mental disorder

The Company may, on receipt of such evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show title to that share, give notice to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy or mental disorder of a member or otherwise by operation of law, by sending or delivering it in any manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to that person by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased or trustee of the bankrupt or representative by operation of law or by any like description at the address (if any) within the British Isles supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been so supplied a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death, bankruptcy, operation of law or other event had not occurred. Such service of notice shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service of such notice on all persons interested in the share.

155. Evidence of service

155.1 *Present at meeting*

Any member present, in person or by proxy at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares of the Company, shall be deemed to have received due notice of such meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which such meeting was called.

155.2 *Deemed service*

Any notice, certificate or other document, addressed to a member at his registered address or address for service in the British Isles shall, if sent by post, be deemed to have been given at the expiration of 24 hours after the envelope was posted and, if sent by Electronic Communication, be deemed to have been given at the expiration of 24 hours after the Electronic Communication was sent. In proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope containing the notice or document was properly addressed and put into the post as a prepaid letter or, in the case of a notice sent by Electronic Communication, to prove that it was sent in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries ~~and~~ Administrators. Any notice, certificate or other document not sent by post but delivered or left at a registered address or address for service in the British Isles shall be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day on which it was so delivered or left.

156. Notice binding on transferees

Every person who, by operation of law, transfers or by any other means becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share (other than in respect of an Information Notice) which, before his name is entered in the Register, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.

157. Notice by advertisement

Any notice to be given by the Company to the members or any of them and not otherwise provided for by these Articles shall be sufficiently given if given by advertisement in at least one leading daily national newspaper published in the United Kingdom and, where the Company keeps an overseas branch register, in at least one leading daily newspaper published in the territory in which such register is maintained and made available on its website. Any notice given by advertisement shall be deemed to have been served at noon on the day on which the advertisement first appears.

158. Suspension of postal services

If at any time by reason of the threat of or of the suspension, interruption or curtailment of postal services within the British Isles, the Company is or would be unable effectively to convene a general meeting by notices sent through the post, the Company need only give notice of a general meeting to those members with whom the Company can communicate by Electronic Communication and who have provided the Company with an address for this purpose. The Company shall also advertise the notice in at least one national newspaper published in the United Kingdom and, where the Company keeps an overseas branch register, in at least one leading daily newspaper published in the territory in which such register is maintained, and make it available on its website from the date of such advertisement until the conclusion of the meeting or any adjournment of it—a general meeting may be convened by a notice advertised in at least 2 leading daily national newspapers (at least one of which shall be published in London) and, where the Company keeps an overseas branch register, in at least one leading daily newspaper published in the territory in which such register is maintained. Such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all members entitled thereto

at noon on the day on which the first of such advertisements appears. In any such case the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post to those members to whom notice cannot be given by Electronic Communication if at least 7 days prior to the meeting the posting of notices to addresses throughout the British Isles again becomes practicable.

Z. Winding up

159. Division of assets

159.1 *Power to present a petition*

The Board shall have power in the name and on behalf of the Company to present a petition to the court for the Company to be wound up.

159.2 *Distribution of assets*

If the Company is wound up, the surplus assets remaining after payment of all creditors are to be divided among the members in proportion to the capital which at the commencement of the winding up is paid up on the shares held by them respectively and, if such surplus assets are insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, they are to be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses are borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively. This Article 159.2 is subject to the rights attached to any shares which may be issued on special terms or conditions.

159.3 *Distribution in specie*

If the Company is wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by law, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may for that purpose value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. Any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the existing rights of the members but if any division is resolved otherwise than in accordance with such rights the members shall have the same right of dissent and consequential rights as if such resolution were a special resolution passed pursuant to section 222 of the Principal Act. The liquidator may with the like sanction vest the whole or any part of the whole of the assets in trustees on such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction shall determine but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets on which there is a liability.

160. Transfer or sale under section 222 of the Principal Act

A special resolution sanctioning a transfer or sale to another company duly passed pursuant to section 222 of the Principal Act may in the like manner authorise the distribution of any shares or other consideration receivable by the liquidator among the members otherwise than in accordance with their existing rights and any such determination shall be binding on all the members, subject to the right of dissent and consequential rights conferred by the said section.

AA. Indemnity

161. Right to indemnity

Subject to the provisions of the Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which he may be otherwise entitled, every Director, alternate Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company (other than an Auditor) shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges, losses, damages and liabilities incurred by him in the actual or purported execution or

discharge of his duties or exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation to them including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) any liability incurred defending any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer, auditor, or employee of the Company and in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or which are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by any court of competent jurisdiction from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.

162. Power to insure

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may purchase and maintain insurance at the expense of the Company for the benefit of any person who is or was at any time a Director or other officer or employee of the Company or of any other company which is a subsidiary, subsidiary undertaking or holding company of the Company or in which the Company has an interest whether direct or indirect or which otherwise is in any way allied to or associated with the Company or of any subsidiary undertaking or holding company of the Company or of any such company or who is or was at any time a trustee of any pension fund or employee benefits trust in which any employee of the Company or of any such other company or subsidiary undertaking is or has been interested indemnifying such person against any liability which may attach to him or loss or expenditure which he may incur in relation to anything done or alleged to have been done or omitted to be done as a Director, officer, employee or trustee.

Names and Addresses of Subscribers	Signatures
Hansard Financial Trust Limited Harbour Court Lord Street PO Box 192 Douglas Isle of Man IM99 1QL	[Signature]

Dated this 27th day of April 2005

Witness to the above signatures

Bernard Charles Cowin
No 4 Seafield Crescent
Birch Hill
Onchan
Isle of Man IM3 3BY